THE WAYNE DEMOCRAT.

Thirteenth Year. WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, April 16, 1897. Number [illegible]

A Handsome Home. Is The Gate to Contentment.

To make it Handsome Is to Beautify it With

PAINT

In buying paint you will want the best. Especially is this true if you can get the best at the price of the cheapest. Our stock of paint is large and complete thus enabling you to get just what you need, and just what you want at a low figure.

N. B.--Get Your Blue Vitrol of of Us.

L. P. ORTH, Pharmacist and Chemist

German and English Druggist

WAYNE, NEBR.

EDUCATIONAL

Devoted to the interests of the Teachers of Wayne County.

"O'er wayward children would'st thou hold firm rule,
And sun thee in the light of happy faces
Love, Hope and Patience, these three must be thy graces,
And in thine own heart let them first keep school."

THE N. N. T. A. AT NORFOLK.

The total enrollment reached 3[illegible] against 275 last year.

Norfolk got the meeting again for next year without opposition.

Rev. Sam Small's lecture was well received and highly praised by everybody.

Chancellor McLean could not be present to give his lecture but sent a substitute.

The flag is now the property of the Stanton county association as they have won it three times in succession.

The new officers elected are: President, Supt. Martindale of Knox county; Vice President, Supt. Williams of Columbus, Treas., E. J. Paul, of Humphry.

Twenty-two per cent. of Wayne county teachers were in attendance. The inclement weather and impassable roads is what kept it from being fifty per cent.

Ten dollars remain in the treasury after paying expenses, against ninety cents last year, although the lecturers cost the Association twenty-five dollars more.

Stanton county was again permitted to keep the flag, because seventy-nine per cent of her teachers were present. Knox county came second with twenty-five per cent. and Wayne third.

ABOUT OUR TEACHERS.

Anna Hanson closed her school in No. 70, last week.

Miss Hallie Caffee will teach the spring school in District 21.

Willis Summers will soon open a spring term of school in the Ahern Dis. No 70.

Programs for Arbor Day will be mailed to teachers as soon as received from State Superintendent.

Sarah Cauley closed her school in No. 26, last week and commenced the spring term in No. 63, Monday.

Mr. Braun has closed [illegible] year of school work at Hoskins. He will teach a spring school in Stanton county.

Miss Josie Smith closed a well taught school in the Davidson Dis., March 26, and is now visiting friends in Tecumseh, Neb.

Miss Alice Weaver, who has taught many successful terms in the east end of the county has concluded to lay aside the cares of the pedagogue. We can surmise.

The Misses Nelly Spears and Hilma Peterson gave a joint program on the closing day of school. A large number of the patrons of both schools were present and an excellent entertainment reported.

Wakefield Journal: Miss Emily [illegible] completed [illegible]

[illegible]

That [illegible] March 26, Misses [illegible] Weaver, Nora [illegible] Caffee and [illegible] Wilbur, Elmer [illegible] R. V. Garwood.

[illegible]

Sweet your [illegible]

Abstracting. Guy R. Wilbur.

The Democrat for job printing.

Take your feet out of the mud!

Tom Wosking was in the city Tuesday.

[illegible]

Eggs taken in trade at the Racket.

[illegible]

The Racket pays the highest market price for eggs in trade.

[illegible]

Ponca is worried by a band of sneak thieves.

Sheriff Reynolds was in Norfolk Monday.

Will Mettlen was up from Omaha, over Sunday.

Mrs. Spears was a passenger for the east Sunday.

Prof. Mueller was up from Fremont last Saturday.

Vitriol your seed wheat—you can get it cheap at Wilkins' drug store.

Sheriff Reynolds and Atty. Britton spent last Saturday night at Norfolk.

Eggs taken in exchange at highest market price—AHERN'S.

FOR SALE. Two stirring plows and a cultivator for cash—PETER COYLE.

[illegible] will farm the Chas. Ash place south of town. He moved [illegible] week.

[illegible] are now at home in their new residence, opposite Dr. Williams.

A [illegible] many Wayne people were [illegible] of the Omaha [illegible] 20th of this month.

The Democrat apologizes to T. W. [illegible] overlooking the fact last week that he has been Mayor of Wayne [illegible]

[illegible] informs us that the corn he [illegible] recently marketed [illegible] 25 cents a bushel [illegible]

A young boy at Vermillion, S. D. [illegible] South Dakota is a prohibition state.

While [illegible] on the corner [illegible] last Saturday Chas. Fisher was [illegible] by some passing ladies and [illegible] his thumb. Charley will sit on a drygoods box after this.

The enterprising Chicagoans have had a snap shot at the air ship. It is noticed that this freak of the upper [illegible]

[illegible]

Our New Hats and Shoes are nicer than ever.
HARRINGTON & ROBBINS.

Dorr Carroll was in Sioux City Wednesday.

Joe Dobbin was down from Maze Saturday.

A. B. Charde was in Randolph on business last week.

Chas. Beebe and wife returned from a few days visit at Stanton, Monday.

Judge Barnes and Harry Woodard were in the city Tuesday on business.

Two good single drivers for sale; good topp animals. J. C. PAWELSKY.

Mesdames Ed. Smith, B. F. Swan and Fred Philleo were in Sioux City Wednesday.

The Democrat is glad to announce that Mrs. Mark Miller is recovering rapidly from the measles.

Tailor [illegible] has just about the smoothest things in spring suit patterns that has ever been shown in Wayne.

Look Here.

Choice Early Ohio Seed Potatoes for sale. E. J. Naugle.

[illegible] New Spring Suits for Men, starting at $3.50 [illegible] on request. Harrington & Robbins.

Another Good Man Gone Wrong?

When W. M. Wright was in Chicago last summer, attending the great free silver leader's meeting in the Coliseum he and one or two others took special pains to secure a seat in their midst for an important looking gentleman. When Mr. Bryan began to speak the important looking man began to hiss and annoy them by his demonstrations of disapproval. W. M. stood it for a while, then got right after the rabid goldbug and demanded that he keep quiet. Quite a few warm words were exchanged and the goldbug finally subsided. Mr. Wright took occasion to learn his name, and a few weeks ago noticed the same signature affixed to a strong free coinage speech, which appeared in the Sioux City Journal. He wrote him a letter of congratulations, and mentioned the Coliseum occurance and is highly pleased with the following [illegible] from his erratic Chicago acquaintance:

House of Representatives U. S.
Washington, D. C., 3d April, 1897.

W. M. Wright, Esq.,
Wayne, Nebraska.

My dear Sir:

Among the many letters that have come to me in the nature of congratulations, because I did not see fit to [illegible] to Washington to settle down into a state of innocuous desuetude, I have the great pleasure of numbering yours.

You are quite right in believing that I am the same man whom you met at the Chicago Democratic National Convention. I will send you a copy of the Congressional Record within a few days, containing my speeches made so far at this extra session, the first of which will give you a pretty fair idea of the faith that is in me now. I did go to the Chicago Convention in favor of a single gold standard. I went away from that convention so thoroughly shaken in my position, that by the 22d day of July I made a public declaration through the newspapers of my city, which shortly after that resulted in my being nominated and elected to Congress on the Democratic ticket.

I shall be glad to hear from you again, and I shall be pleased to correspond with you more fully when I have more time.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN J. LENTZ.

Wakefield Can Keep Her Fish.

Lincoln, Nebr., April 10, 1897.

Mr. [illegible]

Dear Sir:—Your card asking why we did not compel the party erecting a dam at Wakefield, Nebraska, to put in a fishway has been received. In reply I will call your attention to the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of West Point Power & Improvement Co. vs. State ex rel. Moodie, County Attorney, 49 Neb. 233 [illegible]

[illegible]

Railway Time-table.

EAST.	C., ST. P., M. & O.	WEST.
[illegible] A. M.	Overland Passenger	[illegible]
[illegible] P. M.	Black Hills Passenger	[illegible]
[illegible] P. M.	Accommodation	[illegible]
ARRIVE.	BLOOMFIELD BRANCH.	LEAVE.
7.50 A. M. / 2.30 P.M.	Mixed.	[illegible]

T. W. MORAN, Agent.

Corrected February 14, 1896.

INGALLS, The Grocer

HAS REMOVED

And is now located on the west side of Main street one door north of The Racket.

The new goods I have recently added makes my stock of Groceries the finest and best in Northeast Nebraska.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

are always found at my Store and we will be pleased to give you prices on everything in our line. Remember the location. We deal on the square with our customers. Give us call.

FARMERS

Find this the most profitable store in town to sell their butter and eggs, as they bring the best cash price in trade.

BENNETT HOUSE.

Having several vacant rooms I am now prepared to accommodate more boarders.

MRS. P. VIGES, Prop.

Lace curtains cleaned and made good as new at the Steam Laundry. No injury to curtains.

HERD NOTICE.

We are going to run a cattle herd in Garfield county the coming summer, cattle will be taken charge of and returned to Wayne without extra charge. Charges will be $1.25 per head for the season.

SCOTT & REESE.

Farmers take your eggs to the Racket.

Guy R. Wilbur has a complete set of abstract books, and can furnish you abstracts of title on short notice.

One of the Sleepless Teamsters best horses has the measles.

J. T. Bressler went down to Omaha Wednesday to look after his railroad interests probably.

A reader of the Democrat says he understands why this paper is the only newspaper in the county but for the life of him he can't see how it gets news from Chicago quicker than can the Associated Press. The Democrat has not only correspondents all over the world, but gets specials by lightning, air ships and sundry devices.

Stanton Register: To whom it may concern: I wish to call the attention of the farmers of Stanton and adjoining counties to the firm doing business under the name of the North Bend Nursery Co., of North Bend, Nebraska, so that my brother farmers will not get beat as I have been by this firm in buying nursery stock. They, in my case, have refused to replace the dead stock as the contract says they will do so, but they now refuse, and I have had to pay the note given or stand them a lawsuit which I could not afford to do for the sum of twenty-three dollars. Look out and don't let them beat you as they have me.

GEORGE S. KEELER.

Laurel Advocate: It may not be generally realized by the people in this part of the state, but it is a fact, nevertheless, that the Normal College [illegible]

DR. E. S. BLAIR, A. M. M. D.

Physician AND Surgeon.

Exas Block - - Wayne, Neb.

T. B. HECKERT,

DENTIST.

Teeth filled without pain by a new method of applying electricity.

Office over Miller's Grocery

H. G. LEISENRING, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Office over Hughes & Locke's store.

Local surgeon for the C. St. P. M. & O. and Union Pacific Railways.

ANSON A. WELCH,

Attorney at Law,

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Will practice in all courts. Office over Citizen's Bank.

J. B. CHARDE

AND

Real Estate Agent.

WAYNE NEB

All Business Carefully Attended To

AUG. SCHWAERZEL,

Shoemaker,

Does repairing of Boots and Shoes with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable prices

FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Shop on west side lower Main Street opposite Philleo & Son's Lumber Yard.

The Citizens' Bank,

(INCORPORATED)

A. L. TUCKER, President. E. D. MITCHELL, Vice Pres.

D. C. MAIN, Cashier. G. E. FRENCH, Asst. Cashier.

Capital Stock and Surplus $100,000.

—DIRECTORS—

E. D. Mitchell. A. A. Welch. J. S. French. D. C. Main. A. L. Tucker. G. E. French. James Paul.

GENERAL - - BANKING.

HUGH O'CONNELL'S

Pool and Billiard Hall,

In Boyd Annex.

Commercial Club

A hand made cigar, of the very best stock, and a good free smoker with a fine flavor is the cigar to buy; or if you prefer a better grade try the

Perfecto,

The best 10 cent cigar in the market.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

S. R. PANKRATZ, M'fg.

WAYNE, NEB.

You know it all

If you read the Sioux City

TRIBUNE.

Complete Telegraph Service.
Best Market Reports.
A Clean Editorial Page.

For terms and clubbing rates

Address

THE DEMOCRAT,

WAYNE, NEB

WELL DIGGING

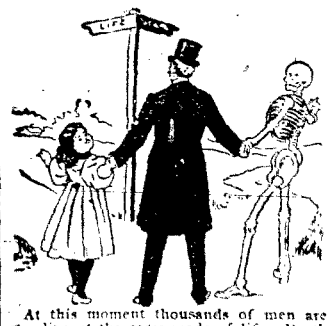
Repairing and Cleaning, at very reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. . HYATT.

Leave orders at The Democrat Office.

TREES AND PLANTS.

A full line FRUIT TREES of BEST VARIETIES at HARD TIMES PRICES. Small fruits in large supply. Millions of Strawberry plants, very PURITY and WELL ROOTED. Get the BEST near home and save freight or express. Send for price list to NORTH BEND NURSERY, North Bend, Dodge County, Neb.



At this moment thousands of men are standing at the cross-roads of life. Death in the guise of a foolish ambition coaxes them to take one road, while health and happiness in the form of wife and babies coax them to take the other. For the sake of a few added dollars will they continue to over-work and neglect the commonest precautions for the preservation of health, or will they listen to love and reason and draw back before it is too late? A man may do almost any amount of good, hard work if he will take care of his health and when he feels out of sorts will take the right remedy.

The great blood-maker, flesh-builder and nerve tonic is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the hard-workers' medicine. It corrects all disorders of the digestion, invigorates the liver, purifies the blood and tones and steadies the nerves. It makes the appetite hearty and brings refreshing sleep. Thousands of hard-workers owe their lives to it and have said so over their signatures. Druggists all sell it and all substitutes are frauds.

"I was taken with erysipelas in my hands and went to the doctor," writes Mrs. Lena Baumgartner, of Jows Charlevoix Co., Mich. "He said he could not cure me. He gave me medicine to cure me but the disease spread all over my body. I took two bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two of the 'Favorite Prescription' and am entirely cured. I have a boy three weeks old. I was helpless two or three months before confinement, but after taking the 'Favorite Prescription' I was able to do my washing three days before I was confined."

There is scarcely a known form of ill-health that constipation will not cause or aggravate. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are an absolute cure for constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative.

Punish republican rascals; turn down the perpetual office-seeker and running politicians, close up the ranks; move on to higher ground, and select for leaders men from the business, professional and private walks of life whose names are the synonym for probity and honor. If this is done, the pathway of the republican party will be from defeat and disgrace to victory and honor.—Norfolk Journal.

The Journal, in making the above declaration, refers to the republican state officials whose infamy was disclosed by the triumph of reform in this state last fall. It must be very galling to republican editors to be compelled to utter such words as above quoted, especially when memory recalls their declarations during the campaign that "the honor of the state was safe only in republican hands." The people, however, have discovered that such claims are absolutely without foundation. They know that the Barrett Scott steal, the Hilton steal, the Mosher steal, the Bartley steal and the Moore steal are the fruits of republicanism in this state, and our grandchildren will be grandparents before that party again emerges from the obscurity to which it has been consigned by the dishonesty of its representatives.—Madison Reporter.

WHAT THE JOURNAL BANKS ON.

The sugar refiners do not like the sugar schedule of the Dingley bill, and are trying to get it changed. It reduced the protection on sugar. The sugar trust it will be remembered, made a desperate effort to have this schedule of the McKinley tariff changed, but failed. The trusts fared better in the democratic bill.—Sioux City Journal.

When a paper, whose directing spirit is a member of congress, descends so low as to deliberately falsify history, the poor dupes who read it may not be blamed if they never obtain the correct information. Under the Wilson bill refiners were accorded one eighth of a cent a pound differential duty, or protection. Under the Dingley bill, 875-1000 of a cent, or more than seven times as much! Under the McKinley bill the refiner's protection was one-half a cent per pound. These facts are all known to any person who has sense enough to write a tariff editorial, yet the Journal, for the purpose of creating the impression amongst its readers that the republicans are against the sugar trust deliberately falsifies history and banks on the ignorance of its readers in the attempt to hold them in line. If you want correct information on any subject you need not expect to find it in the Sioux City Journal. Its ability to prevaricate is only limited by the needs of its party.—Coleridge Blade.

Joseph R. Dunlop, the convicted obscene editor of the Chicago Dispatch, has got to board out a term in the penitentiary, notwithstanding his heroic efforts to stay out of it. Joseph will think its 16 months free board to 1 paid by obscene literature. The fact that Dunlop has reformed and joined the silver party can't save him.

Since the arrest of Ex-State Treasurer Bartley and Ex-Auditor Moore for embezzling over a half a million of dollars of the state's funds, besides other republican steals that are daily coming to light, the taxpayer can now throughly understand that "Holding up the credit of the state" and "standing up for Nebraska" means the "holding up" of the state by republican official bandits while they relieve the overburdened taxpayer of his "honest" dollars, and the subsequent "standing up" of the rascals in our criminal court to answer for their crimes. The taxpayer has finally concluded that he can "stand up" for Nebraska without being "held up" by republican state officers.—Hamilton County Register.

MCKINLEY A GRAND SUCCESS.

In speaking of the power of the president in influencing legislation, the Norfolk News says:

The president of the United States can do something—yes, he can do much—toward bringing about a better era. He can, by his personal bearing inspire a genuine Americanism He can advise, suggest and urge the passage of such laws as he thinks will promote the public interests if he has the right kind of personality, winsome and wise, he may be the real leader of his party. Such a man we believe William McKinley is. We have a right to expect in him a large-hearted and wise statesman who will exert much power on current affairs.

The News says that it has a right to expect in McKinley a wise statesman. Now will it please state to its readers the reasons upon which this right is based? It certainly cannot point to McKinley's career in congress, for there he has done nothing to confer upon him the title of statesman. It is true a tariff bill bearing his name was passed, but he had no more, if as much, to do with the framing of the bill than the other members of the committee. The passage of the bill gave him prominence simply because he happened to be chairman of the committee. As to the wisdom of that measure, the attention of the News is called to the fact that during its operation a large surplus was turned into a deficit and the government brought to the verge of bankruptcy. Then, again, if McKinley's record as governor of Ohio is to be taken into consideration, the News will be compelled to admit that if his "personality" was brought into requisition as an influence toward securing just and equitable laws, he was a flat failure, as far as the influence of that personality was concerned. The Ohio state treasury was practically bankrupt and the condition of affairs was on a par with the condition existing in Nebraska last fall when the republicans were pried loose from the state house.

To Benefit Others.

The Editor of The Bloomfield Iowa Farmer Writes of the Good Done by DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE.

THERE ARE a great many unselfish men and women who wish others to know what has restored them to health and happiness. Mr. C. F. Davis, publisher of one of the best newspapers in Iowa, writes from Bloomfield Ia., Aug 18 1896. "My desire to benefit others prompts me to write this. We have used Dr. Miles' Remedies in my family for nearly two years with most gratifying results. We would'nt now do without them. My wife had been weakly and down nearly every summer for the past fifteen years. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is exactly what its name implies; a sure cure for a weak, fluttering, palpitating heart, and Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills are most excellent."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Indeed if Mr. McKinley has demonstrated any ability, it has been to gather to his support the most gigantic gang of trust-fattened political corruptionists the world has ever seen. In this he was a grand success, and the News is welcome to all the satisfaction it can draw from that fact.—Madison Reporter.

COMMISSIONERS PROCEEDINGS.

Board met April 1, 1897.

All members present.

The following bills were examined and allowed and warrants ordered drawn for the same:

W E Eckhart	$ 3 50
S N Nelsson, blacksmithing	6 90
Jens Anderson, road work	62
B Cunningham	1 00
Myra D Fletcher, express and postage, claimed $17 05, al'd	17 00
Ed Reynolds, sheriffs costs, $26 85, rejected	
J Ziemer, supplies pauper	5 00
Austin, Webster Co., grade repairs	22 00
Edwards Bradford Lumber Co. Lumber	10 25
Dorr Carroll, printing	6 67
Town hall, rent	112 50
G. Harrigfeld, f't on repairs	2 13
S B Russell, express and p'stg	23 07
M D Fletcher, salary, rent and postage, $223 50—allowed	221 50
H G Leisenring, salary to May 1, '97	50 00
A A Welch, salary April 1, 97	200 00

On motion board adjourned to April 2, 1897.

Board met April 1, 1897.

All members present.

Comes now J. L. Cline, justice of the peace of Hoskins precinct, and files transcript of costs in case of state of Nebraska vs. Eugene Mueller, same being examined and part allowed, and on advice of county attorney balance rejected:

J L Cline, justice, claimed $5 90 allowed		$ 3 75
A T Waddell, constable, claimd $21 05—allowed		13 00
John Knouse, witness		1 70
Clint Knouse, "		1 70
Clara Davis, "		1 70
Nick Miller, "	$1 90	rejected
E Miller, "	1 90	"
R G Sines, "	1 10	"
A L Templin, "	1 10	"
W E Gleason, "	1 10	"
Jas Shannon, "	1 10	"
G J Kautz, "	1 10	"
Chas Green, "	1 10	"

The following claims were allowed:

E Cunningham	$ 25 70
Edwards & Bradford Co.	48 00
E Martin, exprs & pstg	1 60
E Martin, costs E. Mueller	4 65
Ed Reynolds, " "	2 10
A N Jacobs, com. fees	7 60
G Harrigled, " "	8 10
Richard Russell, "	6 70

On motion it was ordered that the road overseers of Wayne county have work done in their districts not to exceed $40 per district, and to allow not to exceed $2.50 per day of eight hours for man and team; $1.25 per day for man; $1.25 per day for team; to issue receipt to party doing work, and shall make claim to the county board and attach said receipt thereto for voucher.

Minutes of March 16th and April 1st read and approved.

E. Martin, county judge, now presents fee book and statement of fees received for three months ending March 31, '97, the same being examined and approved.

Now comes S. B. Russell, county clerk, and makes report of his office for quarter beginning Jan. 1, 1897, and ending March 31, 1897 the same being examined and deemed absolutely correct.

Board adjourned to April 12, 1897.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carb Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Sleepless Teamster takes pride in promptly doing all teaming, and at low prices.

J. C. PAWELSKI.

PABST SALOON.

KRUGER & MILDNER, Proprs,

Cigars,

Fine Wines and Liquors

J. M. STRAHAN, President, F. M. NORTHROP, Vice President. H. F. WILSON, Cashie NATHAN CHACE, Ass't Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $90.000.

DIRECTORS.

M. Strahan. George Bogart. Frank M. Northrop. Frank Fulle John T. Bressler. Frank E. Strahan. H. F. Wilson,

General Banking Business done. Accounts of Merchants and Farmers solicited

Palace Livery and Feed Stable

ELI JONES, PROPRIETOR.

Good Single and Double Rigs at Reasonable Rates

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COMMERCIAL MEN.

Agent for Hartman & Co's U. S. Standard Scales

SAM JONES.

"THUNDERBOLTS," the latest and grandest book by this world-wide celebrity now out and for sale exclusively by subscription. The only book given to the public by Sam Jones in ten years. Edited by Rev. B. F. Haynes. Introduction by Bishop Joseph S. Key, of the M. E. Church, South. 600 pages. 122 splendid illustrations. Exclusive territory given. A bonanza for agents. Most rapidly, easily selling book of the age.

Outfit, Including Prospectus, Only Eighty-five Cents. Order Outfit at Once, Specifying Territory Desired.

WONDERFUL SALES.

FIVE TO TEN DOLLARS

EVERY DAY CAN EASILY BE MADE SELLING THIS WORK.

To prove it, we give a few items from actual sales made within the last few weeks: One agent in North Carolina sold 25 copies in five days. Another sold 27 copies in two and a half days. Another sold 15 copies in two days, and another 30 in three days. Another sold 29 copies in six days. One agent in Indiana sold 15 copies in two days. An agent in South Carolina sold 43 copies in three days. One agent in Georgia sold 18 in three days. Another agent in Georgia sold 25 in two days. An agent in Central Georgia sold 82 copies in ten days. When you consider the commission we allow agents, and the immense popularity of this wonderful book, and the ease with which it sells, there is nothing like it which a live, pushing man can engage which will yield such profits. For instance: one agent made $106.25 in ten days selling "Thunderbolts." Another made $39.60 in three days; another $9.25 in one day; another $33 in two days; another $56.75 in three days.

B. F. HAYNES PUBLISHING COMPANY, Nashville, Tenn.

THE WAYNE DEMOCRAT.

Thirteenth Year | WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, April 16, 1897. | Number [illegible]

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Twenty-two per cent. of Wayne county teachers were in attendance. The inclement weather and impassable roads is what kept it from being fifty per cent.

Ten dollars remain in the treasury after paying expenses, against ninety cents last year, although the lecturers cost the Association twenty-five dollars more.

Stanton county was again permitted to keep the flag, because seventy-nine per cent of her teachers were present. Knox county came second with twenty-five per cent. and Wayne third.

* * *

ABOUT OUR TEACHERS.

Anna Hanson closed her school in No. 70, last week.

Miss Hallie Caffee will teach the spring school in District 21.

Willis Summers will soon open a spring term of school in the Ahern Dis. No 70.

Programs for Arbor Day will be mailed to teachers as soon as received from State Superintendent.

Sarah Cauley closed her school in No. 26, last week and commenced the spring term in No. 63, Monday.

Mr. Braun has closed his year of school work at Hoskins. He will teach a spring school in Stanton county.

Miss Josie Smith closed a well taught school in the Davidson Dis., March 26, and is now visiting friends in Tecumseh, Neb.

Miss Alice Weaver, who has taught many successful terms in the east end of the county has concluded to lay aside the cares of the pedagogue. We can surmise.

The Misses Nelly Spears and Hilma Peterson gave a joint program on their closing day of school A large number of the patrons of both schools were present and an excellent entertainment reported.

Wakefield Journal: Miss Enola Caffee completed her winter term of school in Leslie precinct. Wayne county, by a very successful entertainment on Friday evening. She returned to her home at Wayne Monday Miss Caffee has been retained by the same school for the spring term which will again open in May.

New line of Hanson Bros. NECKWEAR at Harrington & Robbins.

The following teachers closed schools March 26: Misses Josie Smith, Alice Weaver, Nora Larison, Elsie Hornby, Mary Busby, Kathryn Sisson, Hallie Caffee and George Wilbur, Elmer Lundburg, and H. V. Garwood.

Earl Gibson, who teaches the Apex school, held graduation exercises for two of his pupils last week. He feels proud of the earnest and successful work his two graduates have accomplished. Mr. Gibson has had a large school this year and labored hard and earnest for his success. The patrons are more than pleased with him and have retained him for a spring term.

Supts. J. A. Collins of Dodge county and Supt. Dan Miller of Fremont, have been selected by our teachers for Institute instructors from the list sent out by the County Supt. Prof. Collins was unanimously chosen which shows our teachers' estimate of him, and Supt. Miller did his work so well at last Institute that he is wanted again. A great number voted for Supt. Stableton, of Lexington.

* * *

Normal Instructor:

RULES

The question, shall I govern my school by a code of rules, or shall I govern without making rules, is one which has puzzled many a teacher. We are sure that every experienced teacher will agree with us when we say that every ideal school has few, if any rules, relating to offenses, with prescribed penalties. While in his School Management, on this subject, says: 'The old-time teacher was a believer in law and order, and especially in law. He assumed in a general way, that, in the absence of prescribed law, there could be no transgression, and inferred that no pupil could be rightfully punished for an offense which had not been formally forbidden; and so he held it to be his first duty to frame and announce a code of rules covering all probable, if not possible, school duties and offenses. As a result the rules enacted often forbade conduct of which no pupil in the school had ever been guilty; and this not infrequently awakened a desire to do the thing forbidden, the rule thus becomes the occasion of the transgression. A teacher once enacted a rule forbidding pupils climbing on the wood shed, a feat which no pupil had then attempted, or probably thought of At the next recess the wood shed was covered with boys who had seemingly just discovered that there was no other such place for real sport."

There may be times when a rule positively forbidding some specified offense is necessary; but such a rule should not be made until the occasion is very urgent. Whenever a rule is made it should be enforced, but the wise teacher instead of trying to govern by regulations, will appeal to the child's sense of right and duty.

* * *

THE OBSERVANCE OF ARBOR DAY

The setting apart of a certain day in the Spring for tree planting has become quite general throughout the United States. Although Nature Study is becoming recognized more and more in our schools every year as one of the most essential studies, it is fitting that at least one day each year should be set apart for the study of Nature.

On account of the great diversity of climate in the various states different days for tree planting have been selected. Illinois celebrats early in April, Missouri has decided on the first Friday after the first Monday in April, while New York observes Friday following the first day of May. In Arbor Day we see an indication of a return to Nature as a source of knowledge and happiness to the children of earth. We should all make as much as possible of this day. We trust our readers may find many selections that they can use, for Arbor Day is one holiday, that belongs to the schools, and everything connected with it educates in the right direction. Decorate your school room with flowers, flags and pictures, and make the day long to be remembered. Try and instill into your pupils a love for Nature and you will have accomplished one of the greatest aims in teaching.

"Do Our Schools Teach Papils to Think?" a paper read by A. P. Childs before the teachers association, and printed exclusively in The Democrat is now being taken up by Iowa exchanges with favorable comment.

"Get your hair cut."

Abstracting Guy R. Wilbur.

The Democrat for fine printing.

"Take your feet out of the mud!"

Tom Working was in the city Tuesday.

Court meets next week. It will be a Rash term.

Albert Berry came home from Lincoln Monday.

The branch train failed to come down Tuesday morning.

Blue vitrol--seed wheat—R. W. W.

Eggs taken in trade at the Racket.

Mark Hanna was a guest of Harry Phillips last Tuesday.

The Racket pays the highest market price for eggs in trade.

Rev. and Mrs. Chilson were down from Randolph Tuesday.

J. C. Pawelsky plowed a furrow down Main street Monday.

A six day carnival at the old Ingall's store room tomorrow night.

The Sleepless Teamster will plow that garden for a silver-trimmed song

See new ad of Miss Wilkinson, who has an elegant assortment of Easter goods.

We clean and renovate lace curtains, and guarantee satisfaction, Steam Laundry.

Rev. Millard was in Wakefield Tuesday evening attending a ministerial meeting.

Was the Democrat incorrect on its reports of the McKinley rallies held last fall?

The Guild of the Catholic church will have a social at Mellor's hall next Monday evening.

Frazier and Strahn shipped two cars of cattle Monday. Ran went down with the critters.

A male quartette will go up to the College tonight and regale the students with a few songs.

If you want to get some good trees of any variety, see Pawelsky, the Sleepless Teamster.

Bob Kneebs is back from Germany, having given that country his last farewell and farthing.

George Naugle came home from Sioux Falls, S. D. last week. He will stay in Wayne for a time.

The Democrat adds fifteen brand new subscribers to its list this week. It pays to print all the news.

Pawlesky has some choice stuff to season the garden Leave your orders at this office, also for trees.

The extreme wet weather seems to have had a depressing effect on the early crop of postoffice applicants.

C. J. Rundell is back from Lincoln where he closely studied the workings of the legislature the past two months.

The incendiarists are getting in some hot work at Beatrice. The only thing in Wayne that will burn these days of humidity is bad whisky.

Dorr Carroll is in the city and will sit on the jury next week. Dorr is enjoying a rest from his newspaper labors.

The county commissioners were in session Monday morning for a short time, then drove out in the rural districts to investigate the roads.

The treacherous Missouri is playing hob with Omaha, so visitors to that metropolis say, having cut back into its old channel of twenty years ago.

A deaf and dumb kid was begging on the street last week. The reason he couldn't hear was because the wind couldn't blow through his long hair.

Harrington Herald: Attorney Kimball of Wayne, a young man full snap and vim, was among those who transacted legal business in Harrington this week.

A large party of friends met Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lundburg at the train last Friday evening and treated the happy couple quite liberally to rice and congratulations.

A weather report from Portland, Oregon, shows that country to be suffering greatly from continued wet weather, farm work very much behind, vegetation greatly retarded.

A colored man in describing what a smart brother he had, remarked: "You just oter see dat nigger figgerin'. He done gone an' ciphered clean through addition, partition, subtraction, distraction, abomination, justification, creation, amputation and adoption.

Ponca Journal: H. T. Donnell, official court reporter for this district, has been compelled by failing health to take a vacation and go into a southern climate where he hopes to speedily improve. His trouble is located in his lungs. His place as reporter is temporarily filled by a stenographer from Sioux City.

Ponca is worried by a band of sneak thieves.

Sheriff Reynolds was in Norfolk Monday.

Will Mettlen was up from Omaha over Sunday.

Mrs. Spears was a passenger for the east Sunday.

Prof. Mueller was up from Fremont last Saturday.

Vitriol your seed wheat—you can get it cheap at Wilkins' drug store.

Sheriff Reynolds and Atty. Britton spent last Saturday night at Norfolk.

Eggs taken in exchange at highest market price.—AHERN'S.

FOR SALE.—Two stirring plows and a cultivator for cash.--PETER COYLE

Fred Hefti will farm the Chas. Ash place south of town. He moved upon it last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Chace are now at home in their new residence, opposite Dr. Williams.

A good many Wayne people were looking for the returns of the Omaha city election. It does not come off until the 20th of this month.

The Democrat apologizes to T. W. Moran for overlooking the fact last week that he has been Mayor of Wayne. There are no flies on Tom's politics.

Wakefield Republican: Thos. Fitzsimmons informs us that the corn he fed his steers, recently marketed, brought him 20 cents a bushel; he fed 2,500 bushel.

A young boy at Vermillion, S. D., went to a charivari party, become intoxicated, fell in the mud, and died like a hog. South Dakota is a prohibition state.

While whittling a stick on the corner of the street last Saturday Chas. Fisher was jostled by some passing ladies and had a bad gash made in his thumb. Charley will sit on a drygoods box after this.

The enterprising Chicagoans have had a snap shot at the air ship. It is noticed that this freak of the upper regions stears clear of the flooded districts. Water is not conducive to its existence.

The Democrat extends hearty congratulations to H. U. Witsman and Miss Alice Weaver, who were married Tuesday by Rev. Millard at the M. E. parsonage. The Wakefield young people know where to go to get married in proper style.

A traveling man in the city the other day said he couldn't see how in Hades it was going to benefit a man in Wayne to pay double present prices for a suit of clothes when he hadn't even the present price. Still there are a few people in Wayne who imagine they can see lots of prosperity in such a scheme.

The Pierce Call says that a young couple at Osmond recently married had the following inscription printed on the bottom of their wedding cards: "No children expected." An old citizen, reading one of these for the first time, exclaimed, "Well they may not expect them, but it's dollars to dime they will have them."

The Crescent Literary society gave a very good program last Friday evening at the College. The recitations, music, were very good, especially a recitation by Miss Louise Sullivan. Miss Sullivan has great natural talent for her art, and has the necessary ability to make a name for herself as an actress of great merit.

Stanton Register: The Wayne Herald states that the Republicans in the present legislature have killed all the bad bills that have failed to pass. Such a statement is ridicalous. We would like to have him point out one bad bill that they did not vote for. It is a notorious fact that the republicans have tried to secure the passage of bad and vicious laws so as to blame the pop legislature for the work. The people never believe such utterances while the bad partisan work of the republican party of the legislative session of '95 remains on their memory.

The editor of the Willmar (Minn.) Argus lives in a house located between a Methodist church and a dance hall. One evening recently there was a gathering in both places. It being too warm for comfort indoors, the editor sat on the veranda and took in the situation. This is what he heard: "Let us pray—all salute—we beseech thee to join hands and draw near—circle to the left—listen to us—first forward and back—as we all promenade—kneel before thee and balance all—present your petition—grand right and left—for Christ's sake—seat your partners." The editor was more than saddened at the degeneration of the village and went off and joined the base ball club in order to be neutral.

Our New Hats and Shoes are nicer than ever. HARRINGTON & ROBBINS.

Dorr Carroll was in Sioux City Wednesday.

Joe Dobbin was down from Maze Saturday.

A. B. Charde was in Randolph on business last week.

Chas. Beebe and wife returned from a few days visit at Stanton, Monday.

Judge Barnes and Harry Woodard were in the city Tuesday on business.

Two good single drivers for sale, good toppy animals.—J. C. PAWELSKY.

Mesdames Ed. Smith, B. F. Swan and Fred Philleo were in Sioux City Wednesday.

The Democrat is glad to announce that Mrs. Mark Miller is recovering rapidly fnom the measles.

Tailor Holtz has just about the smoothest things in spring suit patterns that has ever been shown in Wayne.

Look Here.

Choice Early Ohio Seed Potatoes for sale. E. J. Naugle.

See our New Spring Suits for Men, starting at $8.50: For $10.00 you can get among the very best. Harrington & Robbins.

Another Good Man Gone Wrong?

When W. M. Wright was in Chicago last summer, attending the great free silver leader's meeting in the Coliseum he and one or two others took special pains to secure a seat in their midst for an important looking gentlemen. When Mr. Bryan began to speak the important looking man began to hiss and annoy them by his demonstrations of disapproval. W. M. stood it for a while, then got right after the rabid goldbug and demanded that he keep quiet. Quite a few warm words were exchanged and the goldbug finally subsided. Mr. Wright took occasion to learn his name, and a few weeks ago noticed the same signature affixed to a strong free coinage speech, which appeared in the Sioux City Journal. He wrote him a letter of congratulations, and mentioned the Coliseum occurance and is highly pleased with the following letter from his erratic Chicago acquaintance:

House of Representatives U. S.
Washington, D. C., 3d April, 1897.

W. M. Wright, Esq.,
Wayne, Nebraska.

My dear Sir,

Among the many letters that have come to me in the nature of congratulations, because I did not see fit to come to Washington to settle down into a state of innocuous desuetude, I have the great pleasure of numbering yours.

You are quite right in believing that I am the same man whom you met at the Chicago Democratic National Convention. I will send you a copy of the Congressional Record within a few days, containing my speeches made so far at this extra session, the first of which will give you a pretty fair idea of the faith that is in me now. I did go to the Chicago Convention in favor of a single gold standard. I went away from that convention so thoroughly shaken in my position, that by the 22d day of July, I made a public declaration through the newspapers of my city, which shortly after that resulted in my being nominated and elected to Congress on the Democratic ticket.

I shall be glad to hear from you again, and I shall be pleased to correspond with you more fully when I have more time.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN J. LENTZ.

Wakefield Can Keep Her Fish.

Lincoln, Nebr., April 10, 1897.

Mr. ——,

Dear Sir: Your card asking why we did not compel the party erecting a dam at Wakefield, Nebraska, to put in a fishway has been received. In reply I will call your attention to the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of "West Point Power & Improvement Co. vs. State ex rel Moodie. County Attorney" 49 Neb. 233 (68 N. W. 507). In that case the Supreme Court held the law requiring fishways to be put in dams to be unconstitional and void, and the result is that, at the present, we have no statute anthorizing us to compel parties to put in fishways, hence we have the same power to compel them to put in fishways that you or any other private citizen has. I am very sorry that matters are in this condition, but it is not the fault of the fish comissioners.

Very respectfully yours,
JOHN S. KIRKPATRICK

Railway Time-table.

EAST.	O., ST. P., M. & O.	
7:55 A.M.	Overland Passenger	
2:36 P.M.	Black Hills Passenger	
8:00 A.M.	Accommodation	
ARRIVE.	BLOOMFIELD BRANCH.	
7:50 A.M.	Mixed.	
1:25 P.M.	"	

T. W. MORAN, Agent.

Corrected February 14, 1896.

INGALLS, The Grocer HAS REMOVED

And is now located on the west side of Main street one door north of The Racket.

The new goods I have recently added makes my stock of Groceries the finest and best in Northeast Nebraska.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables are always found at my Store and we will be pleased to give you prices on everything in our line. Remember the location. We deal on the square with our customers. Give us call.

FARMERS

Find this the most profitable store in town to sell their butter and eggs, as they bring the best cash price in trade.

BENNETT HOUSE.

Having several vacant rooms I am now prepared to accommodate more boarders.

MRS. P. VIGRS, Prop.

Lace curtains cleaned and made good as new at the Steam Laundry, No injury to curtains.

HERD NOTICE.

We are going to run a cattle herd in Garfield county the coming summer. Cattle will be taken charge of and returned to Wayne without extra charge Charges will be $1.25 per head for the season. SCOTT & REESE.

Farmers take your eggs to the Racket.

Guy R. Wilbur has a complete abstract books, and can furnish you abstracts of title on short notice.

One of the Sleepless Teamsters best horses has the measles.

J. T. Bressler went down to Omaha Wednesday to look after his railroad interests—probably.

A reader of the Democrat says he understands why this paper is the only newspaper in the county but for the life of him he can't see how it gets news from Chicago quicker than can the Associated Press. The Democrat has not only correspondents all over the world, but gets specials by lightning, air ships, and sundry devices.

Stanton Register: To whom it may concern:—I wish to call the attention of the farmers of Stanton and adjoining counties to the firm doing business under the name of the North Bend Nursery Co., of North Bend, Nebraska, so that my brother farmers will not get beat as I have been by this firm in buying nursery stock. They, in my case, have refused to replace the dead stock as the contract says they will do so, but they now refuse, and I have had to pay the note given or stand them a lawsuit which I could not afford to do for the sum of twenty-three dollars. Look out and don't let them beat you as they have me.

GEORGE S. KEELER.

Laurel Advocate: It may not be generally realized by the people in this part of the state, but it is a fact, nevertheless, that the Normal College at Wayne is not only a credit to the state and an honor to Northeast Nebraska. President Pile has a reputation in educational circles which this paper can add nothing to by words of commendation but he is pushing the Normal College to the front—in fact it is now classed as one of the leading institutions of learning in the West. Quite a number of young people from this county are in attendance at the school this year and they have nothing but words of praise for the management and Wayne and Wayne [illegible]

A LETTER TO WOMEN

From Mrs. James Corrigan.

For seventeen years I have suffered. Periods were so very painful that I would have to go to the doctor every month.

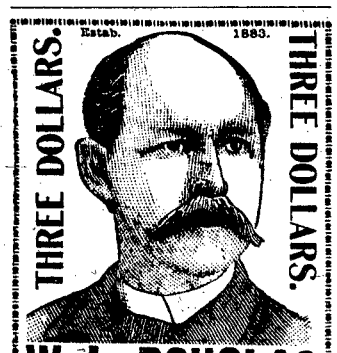
He said that I had an enlargement of the womb, and told my husband that I must undergo an operation, as I had tumors in the womb, and it was a case of life or death.

I was operated upon twice, but it did not seem to do me any good, it made me very weak. I was troubled with the leucorrhœa a great deal.

I also suffered with the sick headache, vomiting spells, backache all the time, terrible pain in my left side, chills, loss of appetite, and could not sleep nights. After taking several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, some Liver Pills, and using your Sanative Wash, I recovered.

I can eat well, and every one that sees me tells me I am a different person. I can do all my own work, sleep well and feel well. I am growing stronger every day, and am able to go out and enjoy a walk and not feel all tired out when I return, as I used to. I doctored for sixteen years, and in all those years I did not feel as well as I do at the present time. I wish that every woman that is troubled as I was, would try that medicine. Oh! it is so good to feel well, and it is all owing to Mrs. Pinkham's kind advice and medicine. —MRS. JAMES CORRIGAN, 284 Center St., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

THREE DOLLARS. Estab. 1883. THREE DOLLARS.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE ..BEST.. IN THE WORLD

For 14 years this shoe, by merit alone, has distanced all competitors.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers as the best in style, fit and durability of any shoe ever offered at $3.00.

It is made in all the LATEST SHAPES and STYLES and of every variety of leather.

One dealer in a town given exclusive sale and advertised in local paper on receipt of reasonable order. ☞ Write for catalogue to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

TOWER'S TRADE MARK FISH BRAND

SLICKER

WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. $1.00

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ASTHMA CURE FREE.

If you suffer from any form of Asthma we will send you **Free by mail**, prepaid, a Large Case of the New African Kola Plant Compound. It is Nature's **Sure Botanic Cure** for Asthma. It acts through the Blood and never fails. In general use in European Hospitals, it has 3000 recorded Cures in 30 days. We send it Free for Introduction, and to prove that it will cure you.

Address **The KOLA IMPORTING CO.,** 1182 Fourth Ave., New York.

Was Primitive Man Evolved in America?

Harper's Magazine.

In the Connecticut River valley reptiles left their tracks on the mud flats—since turned to sandstone; and a few skeletons also have been found. The bodies of a race of great reptiles that were the lords of creation of their day have been dissipated to their elements, while the chance indentations of their feet as they raced along the shores, mere footprints on the sands, have been preserved among the most imperishable of the memory tablets of the world.

Of the other vetebrate fossils that have been found found in the eastern portions of America, among the most abundant and interesting are the skeletons of mastodons. Of these one of the largest and most complete is that which was unearthed in the bed of a drained lake near Newburg, N. Y., in 1845. This specimen was larger than the existing elephants, and had tusks eleven feet in length. It was mounted and described by Dr. John C. Warren of Boston, and has been famous for half a century as the "Warren mastodon."

But to the student of the racial development as recorded by the fossils, all these sporadic finds have but incidental interest as compared with the western fossil beds to which we have already referred. From records here unearthed the racial evolution of many mammals has in the past few years been made out in greater or less detail. Professor Cope has traced the ancestry of the camels (which, like the rhinoceroses, hippopotami, and sundry other forms now spoken of as "Old World," seem to have had their origin here) with much completeness.

A lemuroid form of mammal, believed to be the type from which man has descended, has also been found in these beds. It is thought that the descendants of this creature, and of the other "old world" forms above referred to, found their way to Asia, probably, as suggested by Professor Marsh, across a bridge at Bering Strait, to continue their evolution on the other hemisphere, becoming extinct in the land of their nativity. The ape-man found fossil in the tertiary strata of the island of Java two years ago by the Dutch surgeon, Dr. Eugent Dubois, and named Pithecanthropus erectus, may have been a direct descendant of the American tribe of primitive lemurs, though this is only a conjecture.

J. D. Rockefeller's Hobby.

New York Journal.

John D. Rockefeller, the millionaire, finds pleasure in spending part of his great wealth in improving his country seat, "Boxwood," in the Pocantico hills. Last year he expended at least $100,000 in alterations to his old manor house and in landscape gardening. Fifteen feet of solid rock was cut off the top of the "Kyknit" hill, and excavations made for the site of a million dollar country house, which, it was announced, he intended to build. The excavating alone cost $20,000. Suddenly Mr. Rockefeller changed his mind and the whole excavated ground was filled and sodded. A high observation tower which had been torn down to make room for the site was rebuilt. Then Mr. Purdy, a Tarrytown architect, was employed to prepare plans for enlarging and beautifying the "Boxwood" residence. Alterations were again made for the fourth time last fall.

Now the oil king is amusing himself by having another addition, costing $10,000, and consisting of a kitchen, dining room and a number of bedrooms, built on the rear of his mansion. He also gave orders this week to have the "Kyknit" hill lowered eight feet more. The carriage house is to be moved to the eastward, a distance of perhaps 400 yards.

A driveway is being built from John Rockefeller's place to his brother William's home, several miles away. It is the intention of both millionaires to lay out their property in one magnificent park, far exceeding anything of its kind in this country.

A Wonderful Combination.

Being the only manufacturers of both guns and ammunition in the world the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct., are enabled to keep their guns apace with new ammunition and their ammunition apace with new guns. In this way by using Winchester goods, shooters can be certain of getting guns and ammunition of the highest degree of excellence and most improved type. As the unapproachable reputation of the Winchester guns depends upon the ammunition used in them, the Winchesters are obliged to keep the standard of their ammunition as near perfection as possible. Shooters who want the best results can get them by using Winchester guns and Winchester ammunition. Send for a large illustrated catalogue. free.

For the Carver's Convenience.

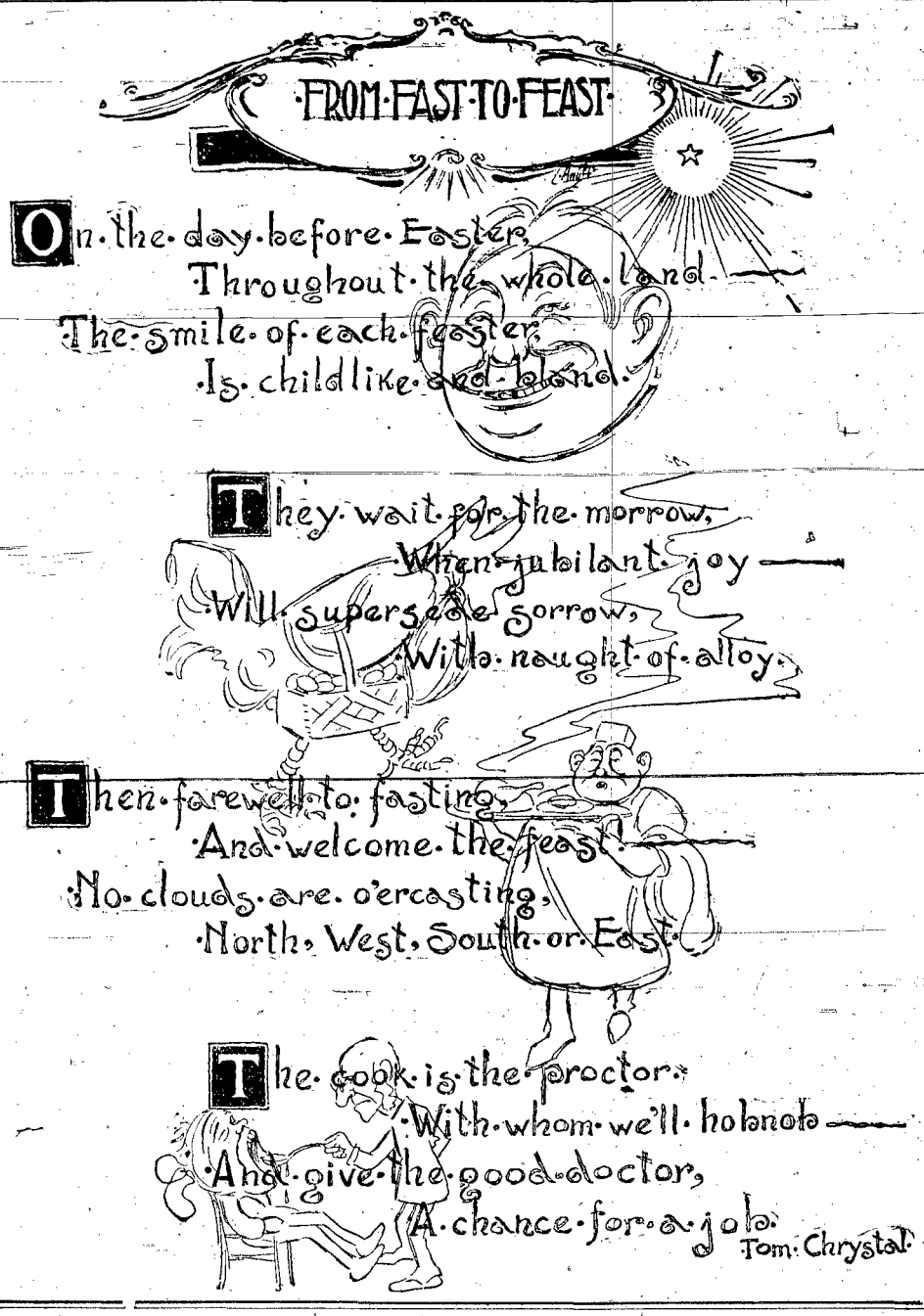
New York Evening Post.

Although dinner authorities announce that carving is going out of fashion, the joint on the board it not likely soon, if ever, to be wholly banished. A lecturer in a domestic science course gives some rules for the proper placing of the meat to be carved on the platter. Roasts of beef, rib and sirloin should have the backbone at the right hand of the platter. A fillet of beef should be placed with the thickest end at the right hand side of the platter; calf's head with the face at the right; roast pig with head to the left; roast or boiled ham with thickest part on further side of platter; large birds, as goose or turkey, with heads to the left. Small birds are placed crosswise with heads on further side of the platter. A leg of lamb, mutton or veal is placed with the thickest part on the further side of the platter. The platter should be large enough to receive the meat as it is sliced, or extra dishes should be provided for that purpose.

Leprosy is said to be spreading in Spain in a somewhat alarming manner. In the village of Alsublas, near Valencia, more than a dozen families are said to be affected.

The Best. The Rest. The Test.

There are two kinds of sarsaparilla: The best—and the rest. The trouble is they look alike. And when the rest dress like the best who's to tell them apart? Well, "the tree is known by its fruit." That's an old test and a safe one. And the taller the tree the deeper the root. That's another test. What's the root,—the record of these sarsaparillas? The one with the deepest root is Ayer's. The one with the richest fruit; that, too, is Ayer's. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a record of half a century of cures; a record of many medals and awards—culminating in the medal of the Chicago World's Fair, which, admitting Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best—shut its doors against the rest. That was greater honor than the medal, to be the only Sarsaparilla admitted as an exhibit at the World's Fair. If you want to get the best sarsaparilla of your druggist, here's an infallible rule: Ask for the best and you'll get Ayer's. Ask for Ayer's and you'll get the best.



EASTER PILLOWS.

WHAT THE SMART GIRL SENDS TO THE SMART MAN.

GEMS IN EMBROIDERY.

There Are Special Designs for the Cycler, the Yachtsman, the Smoker and for All Varieties of Mankind.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Easter time is becoming more and more each year a season for gift making, and fashion fixes the kind of gift which must be made. Of course, any kind of a gift is acceptable to most people, but the chosen folk who make up the fashionable world have a large supply of nearly everything needful and useless, and to actually please them a novelty must be introduced.

Two years ago the smart men presented the smart girls with work baskets with all kinds of sewing utensils in gold and set with gems. Last year pieces of rare bric-a-brac and curious photograph frames occupied his purse and his attention, and this year it will be porechain baskets of flowers made up in a certain way invented by the florist—a way that will cost the young man at least $75 to follow in a fitting manner.

But the Easter girl comes to the front this year as a gift maker, and the Easter man, if he is popular, will be deluged with sofa pillows sufficiently large and numerous to smother his apartments, no matter how extensive they may be.

The Easter sofa pillow is ingenious, pretty and comfortable, and triple value is given it by the fact that it was worked by fair hands during the quiet Lenten days, when nothing more exciting was going on than sewing circles, with a dash or two of gossip. What is more, no one can help distinguishing the Easter pillow from others of its kind.

FOR THE MAN WHO BIKES.

The girl who made one for the young man who bikes produced about the prettiest of all the Easter pillows. The foundation is white linen duck, having a huge bicycle wheel in the center, embroidered in Delft colors throughout the tire, while the spokes are wrought in washable gold thread or cord. Suspended by narrow blue ribbon from the spokes at intervals are cards with the autographs of different cycling friends done in outline.

One of the most effective pillows is designed in poppies, the extract of which flower is conducive to sleep. Green art ticking is used, and it has an artistic spray of poppies and leaves worked in brilliant reds and fresh looking greens. Beneath the flowers is embroidered in poppy reds a message, emblematical of the season.

A VIOLET COVERED GEM.

A young chap who has been prodigiously generous in the matter of showering violets during the winter upon one girl finds that he was not altogether forgotten during the season of sackcloth and ashes. He has received a pillow, the foundation of which is made of white bengaline, over which has been thrown a handful of violets, with here and there an occasional stray leaf of green, all of which are embroidered true to nature.

The four sides of the pillow have a twist of green stems and artificial violets running along the edge. The filling of the pillow may be the violets sent by the young man and since dried. This pillow is closely duplicated in roses, with rose leaf filling. Still another pillow is similar to the former, being a hodge-podge made of all sorts of flowers and leaves as filling, with Easter flowers embroidered on the top.

FOR A SMOKING DEN.

The kind of Easter pillow which goes to the man who is lucky enough to have a smoking den is worked on art ticking in the same shade of yellow. The bunch of cigars, tobacco pouch and pipe all have places on this head rest. They are done in reds, browns and yellow, and the inscription is worked in brilliant red letters. The edges are finished with a heavy silk cord in shades of brown and yellow flecked here and there with touches of red.

THE SENTIMENTAL STYLE.

The sentimental young woman learned, when Easter pillows were first talked of a month ago, that the butterfly, being emblematic of the soul, formed an appropriate subject for Easter remembrance. So the butterfly Easter pillow was evolved, and it is tremendously pretty. The foundation is of blue upholstery satin in an aesthetic shade, with numberless butterflies in bright colors, some shown as if flitting here and there, an occasional one resting on field grasses that grow up from the lower edge of the pillow.

The reverse side of the pillow has the monogram of the recipient embroidered in large size in the shades of brown that run into a golden yellow, the letters all being well stuffed. The ruffle that runs around the four sides of the pillow is of double faced satin ribbon five inches wide, matching in color the satin used in the pillow. The edge is worked in butterflies done in buttonhole stitch with heavy silk, the edges being cut so as to make a butterfly wing a scallop.

The regulation Easter pillow is embroidered in symbols of the season. One is made of dull green upholstery satin, on which is embroidered a bunch of Easter lilies, held with a bowknot of Japanese gold. The under side has "Easter Greetings" solidly embroidered in white, outlined in gold. Around the edge of the pillow is a heavy cord of green silk and gold.

THE POPULAR MAN IS DELUGED WITH EASTER PILLOWS.

The Wonderful Kava-Kava Shrub.

A New Botanical Discovery.—Of Special Interest to Sufferers from Diseases of the Kidneys or Bladder, Rheumatism, etc.—A Blessing to Humanity.

A Free Gift of Great Value to You.

Our readers will be glad to know that the new botanical discovery, Alkavis, from the wonderful Kava-Kava shrub has proved an assured cure for all diseases caused by Uric acid in the blood, or by disordered action of the Kidneys or urinary organs. The Kava-Kava Shrub, or as botanists call it, *Piper Methysticum*, grows on the banks of the Ganges river, East India, and probably was used for centuries by the natives before its extraordinary properties became known to civilization through Christian missionaries. In this respect it resembles the discovery of quinine from the peruvian bark, made known by the Indians to the early Jesuit missionaries in South America, and by them brought to civilized man. It is a wonderful discovery, with a record of 1200 hospital cures in 30 days. It acts directly upon the blood and kidneys, and is a true specific, just as quinine is in malaria. We have the strongest testimony of many ministers of the gospel, well known doctors and business men cured by Alkavis, when all other remedies had failed.

THE KAVA-KAVA SHRUB (*Piper Methysticum.*)

In the New York *Weekly World* of Sept. 10th, the testimony of Rev. W. B. Moore, D. D., of Washington, D. C., was given, describing his years of suffering from Kidney disease and Rheumatism, and his rapid cure by Alkavis. Rev. Thomas Smith, the Methodist minister at Cobden, Illinois, passed nearly one hundred gravel stones after two weeks' use of Alkavis. Rev. John H. Watson, of Sunset, Texas, a minister of the gospel of thirty years' service, was struck down at his post of duty by Kidney disease. After hovering between life and death for two months, and all his doctors having failed, he took Alkavis, and was completely restored to health and strength, and is fulfilling his duties as minister of the gospel. Mr. R. C. Wood, a prominent attorney of Lowell, Indiana, was cured of Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder disease of ten years standing, by Alkavis. Mr. Wood describes himself as being in constant misery, often compelled to rise ten times during the night on account of weakness of the bladder. He was treated by all his home physicians without the least benefit and finally completely cured in a few weeks by Alkavis. The testimony is undoubted and really wonderful. Mrs. James Young, of Kent, Ohio, writes that she had tried six doctors in vain, that she was about to give up in despair, when she found Alkavis and was promptly cured of kidney disease and restored to health. Many other ladies also testify to the wonderful curative powers of Alkavis in the various disorders peculiar to womanhood.

So far the Church Kidney Cure Company, No. 410 Fourth Avenue, New York, are the only importers of this new remedy, and they are so anxious to prove its value that for the sake of introduction they will send a free treatment of Alkavis prepaid by mail to every reader of this paper who is a Sufferer from any form of Kidney or Bladder disorder, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gravel, Pain in Back, Female Complaints, or other affliction due to improper action of the Kidneys or Urinary Organs. We advise all Sufferers to send their names and address to the company, and receive the Alkavis free. It is sent to you entirely free, to prove its wonderful curative powers.

Fortune's Favorite.

Indianapolis Journal.

"Oh, how can you drink so much?" asked the Earnest Worker.

"It s'prises me sometimes," said the Hopeless Case. "It's jist luck, I guess."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Proprietors, Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, Price, 75c.

In North Dakota the killing of quail and English and Chinese pheasants is prohibited until 1906, and beaver and otter cannot be trapped or killed until 1903.

Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

A skunk took refuge from a dog in an Atchison grocery store, and the next day the proprietor got an extension of time from the jobbers.

No-to-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco? Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and $1, all druggists.

The report is current that Russia will soon abolish the import duty on agricultural machinery.

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a **Cascaret, candy cathartic**, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c

Europe has four times as many cities as it had in 1831, and the United States fourteen times as many.

I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, 1895.

Grant to Buckner.

The April Century, in view of the dedication of the Grant tomb, has been made a "Grant Memorial Number," and contains a number of articles relating to the career of the great commander. John R. Procter contributes "A Blue and Gray Friendship," describing the relations between Grant and Buckner. The latter visited Grant at Mount McGregor, and as General Grant could not then speak he wrote a message to his friend and former adversary. This is produced in fac simile for the first time. The mesage was as follows:

"I have witnessed since my sickness just what I have wished to see ever since the war, harmony and good feeling between the sections. I have always contended that if there had been nobody left but the soldiers we would have had peace in a year. Jubal Early and Hill are the only two that I know of who do not seem to be satisfied on the southern side. We have some on ours who failed to accomplish as much as they wished, or who did not get warmed up to the fight until it was all over, who have not had quite full satisfaction. The great majority too of those who did not go into the war have long since grown tired of the long controversy. We may now well look home to a perpetual peace at home, and a national strength that will secure us against any foreign complication. I believe myself that the war was worth all it cost us fearful as that was. Since it was over I have visited every state in Europe and a number in the east. I know as I did not before, the value of our inheritance."

Little Girl's Ambition for Her Father

Washington Letter to Chicago Tribune.

The new ambassador to Italy has a bright little girl 6 years old, whose name is "Margaret Preston Draper. She belonged last winter to the white house kindergarten, which was afterward transferred to the Draper residence when the little Cleveland children succumbed to a plebian attack of whooping cough. Only a week or two ago little Margaret heard a visitor discussing with her mother the probability of General Draper's appointment. "I'll tell you what I wish," said little Margaret, "I just wish the president would make my father ambassador to Hopedale, Mass. It's the busiest place in the world."

Fortune Seeking Emigrants.

Many a poor family that seeks the western wilds in the hope of winning a fortune, is preserved from that insidious foe of the emigrant and frontiersman—chills and fever—by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. So effectually does that incomparable medicinal defense fortify the system against the combined influence of malarious atmosphere and miasma-tainted water, that protected by it the pioneer, the miner or the tourist provided with it, may safely encounter the danger.

"Old Hoss" Kicked Her.

New York Journal.

James F. Hoey, better known as "Old Hoss Hoey," was arraigned in Yorkville police court Monday morning, charged by Florence Parker with assaulting her at 1 o'clock Monday morning.

Hoey had dined with friends and was on his way home. At Fourteenth street Miss Parker met him.

"Hello 'Old Hoss,'" she said.

Hoey turned and kicked the woman. Policeman Crane placed Hoey under arrest.

In court Miss Parker refused to press the charge and Magistrate Wentworth discharged Hoey.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

No Wonder She Wept.

Cleveland Plaindealer.

"Don't weep so ma'm. Other boys have gone to sea and returned alive and well—why shouldn't yours?"

"But J-Jim is go-goin' on a bub-bub-battle ship sir."

Free Sample of a Wonderful Kidney Cure.

Sufferers from kidney and rheumatic troubles are mailed free a sample of the renowned Kava Kava Shrub, possessed of wonderful medicinal and curative qualities and grown in the East Indies, by addressing the Church Kidney Cure Co., 410 Fourth avenue, New York. An interesting account of this celebrated remedy, in another column of this paper, will pay the reader well to peruse.

It is asserted that in consequence of the X ray revelation of deformities in tight laced Portuguese ladies corsets will be no longer worn in Portugal.

Spring Humors

Those unsightly eruptions, painful boils, annoying pimples and other affections, which appear so generally at this season, make the use of that grand Spring Medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, a necessity. The accumulated impurities in the blood cause very different symptoms with some people. The kidneys, liver and bowels are overmatched in their efforts to relieve the clogged system. Dizzy headaches, bilious attacks, failure of appetite, coated tongue, lame back, indigestion and that tired feeling are some results.

From the same cause may also come scrofula, neuralgia, sciatia or rheumatism.

All these troubles and more may properly be called "Spring Humors," and just as there is one cause, a cure is found in just one remedy, and that is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

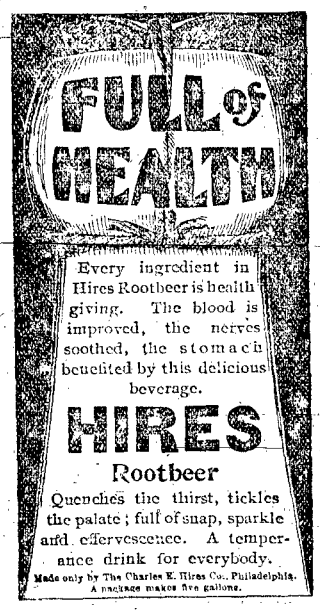
Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the impure blood, enriches blood which is weak and thin, vitalizes blood which lacks vitality. Thus it reaches every part of the human system.

For your Spring Medicine—to prevent or cure Spring Humors, take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.



Every ingredient in Hires Rootbeer is health giving. The blood is improved, the nerves soothed, the stomach benefited by this delicious beverage.

HIRES Rootbeer

Quenches the thirst, tickles the palate; full of snap, sparkle and effervescence. A temperance drink for everybody.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes five gallons.

REV. W. W. BROWN'S

Asthma Cure

A few doses of this wonderful medicine stops the choking spells, and further use effects a permanent cure. Helps the oldest cases. A blessing to all asthmatics. Our customers telegraph for this remedy. Price Seventy-five cents. For sale by druggists or sent pre-paid on receipt of price. Send us your name on a postal card. Address, W. W. BROWN & CO., Charter Oak Iowa.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since

The Evil Genius.

A DOMESTIC STORY.

BY WILKIE COLLINS.

Instinctively she felt that her thoughts were leading her back again to a state of doubt from which her youthful hopefulness recoiled. Was there nothing she could find to do which would offer some other subject to occupy her mind than herself and her future?

Looking absently round the room she noticed the packet of her father's letters placed on the table by her bedside.

The first three letters that she examined, after untying the packet, were briefly written, and were signed by names unknown to her. They all related to race-horses, and to cunningly devised bets which were certain to make the fortunes of the clever gamblers on the turf who laid them. Absolute indifference on the part of the winners to the ruin of the losers, who were not in the secret, was the one feeling in common which her father's correspondence presented. In mercy to his memory she threw the letters into the empty fireplace and destroyed them by burning.

The next letter which she picked out from the little heap was of some length, and was written in a clear and steady hand. By comparison with the blotted scrawls which she had just burned, it looked like the letter of a gentleman. She turned to the signature. The strange surname struck her; it was "Bennydeck."

Not a common name, and not a name which seemed to be altogether unknown to her. Had she heard her father mention it at home in the time of her early childhood? There were no associations with it that she could now call to mind.

She read the letter. It addressed her father familiarly as "My dear Roderick," and it proceeded in these words:

"The delay in the sailing of your ship offers me an opportunity of writing to you again. My last letter told you of my father's death. I was then quite unprepared for an event which has happened since that affliction befell me. Prepare yourself to be surprised. Our old moated house at Sandyseal, in which we have spent so many happy holidays when we were schoolfellows, is sold.

"You will be almost as sorry as I was to hear this; and you will be quite as surprised as I was when I tell you that Sandyseal Place has become a priory of English nuns of the order of St. Benedict.

"I think I see you look up from my letter with your big, black eyes staring straight before you, and say and swear that this must be one of my mystifications. Unfortunately (for I am fond of the old house in which I was born) it is only too true. The instructions in my father's will, under which Sandyseal has been sold, are peremptory. They are the result of a promise made many years since to his wife.

"You and I were both very young, when my poor mother died; but I think you must remember that she, like the rest of her family, was a Roman catholic.

"Having reminded you of this, I may next tell you that Sandyseal Place was my mother's property. It formed part of her marriage portion, and it was settled on my father if she died before him, and if she left no female child to survive her. I am her only child. My father was therefore dealing with his own property when he ordered the house to be sold. His will left the purchase money to me. I would rather have kept the house.

"But why did my mother make him promise to sell the place at his death?

"A letter attached to my father's will answers this question and tells a very sad story. In deference to my mother's wishes it was kept strictly a secret from me while my father lived.

"There was a younger sister of my mother's who was the beauty of the family—loved and admired by everybody who was acquainted with her. It is needless to make this long letter longer by dwelling on the girl's miserable story. You have heard it of other girls, over and over again. She loved and trusted; she was deceived and deserted. Alone and friendless in a foreign country—her fair fame blemished, her hope in the future utterly destroyed—she attempted to drown herself. This happened in France. The best of good women—a sister of charity—happened to be near enough to the river to rescue her. She was sheltered; she was pitied; she was encouraged to return to her family. The poor, deserted creature absolutely refused; she could never forget that she had disgraced them. The good sister of charity won her confidence. A retreat, which would hide her from the world and devote her to religion for the rest of her days, was the one end to her wasted life that she longed for. That end was attained in a priory of Benedictine nuns established in France. There she found protection and peace—there she passed the remaining years of her life among devoted sister friends, and there she died a quiet and even a happy death.

"You will now understand how my mother's grateful remembrance associated her with the interests of more than one community of nuns; and you will not need to be told what she had in mind when she obtained my father's promise at the time of her last illness.

"He at once proposed to bequeath the house as a free gift to the Benedictines. My mother thanked him and refused. She was thinking of me. 'If our son fails to inherit the house from his father,' she said, 'it is only right that he should have the value of the house in money. Let it be sold.'

"So here I am—rich already—with this additional sum of money in my banker's care.

"My idea is to invest it in the funds, and to let it thrive at interest until I grow older and retire, perhaps, from service in the navy. The later years of my life may well be devoted to the founding of a charitable institution, which I myself can establish and direct. If I die first—oh, there is a chance of it! We may have a naval war, perhaps, or I may turn out one of those incorrigible madmen who risk their lives in arctic exploration. In case of the worst, therefore, I shall leave the interests of my contemplated home in your honest and capable hands. For the present good-by and a prosperous voyage outward-bound."

So the letter ended.

Sydney dwelt with reluctant attention on the latter half of it. The story of the unhappy favorite of the family had its own melancholy and sinister interest for her. She felt the foreboding that it might, in some of its circumstances, be her story too—without the peaceful end. Into what community of merciful women could she be received in her sorest need? What religious consolations would encourage her penitence? What prayers, what hopes, would reconcile her, on her deathbed, to the common doom?

She sighed as she folded up Capt. Bennydeck's letter and put it in her bosom to be read again. "If my lot had fallen among good people," she thought, perhaps I might have belonged to the church which took care of that poor girl."

Her mind was still pursuing its own sad course of inquiry. She was wondering in what part of England Sandyseal might be. She was asking herself if the nuns at the old moated house ever opened their doors to women whose one claim on their common Christianity was the claim to be pitied, when she heard Linley's footsteps approaching her door.

His tone was kind, his manner was gentle. His tender interest in her seemed to have revived. Her long absence had alarmed him. He feared she might be ill. "I was only thinking," she said. He smiled and sat down by her, and asked if she had been thinking of the place they should go to when they left London.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

The one hotel at Sandyseal was full from the topmost story to the ground floor, and by far the larger half of the landlord's guests were invalids sent to him by the doctors.

To persons of excitable temperament in search of amusement the place offered no attractions. Situated at the innermost end of dull little bay, Sandyseal—so far as any view of the shipping in the channel was concerned—might have been built on a remote island in the Pacific ocean. Vessels of any importance kept well out of the way of treacherous shoals and currents lurking at the entrance of the bay. The anchorage ground was good, but the depth of water was suited to small vessels only—to shabby old fishing smacks which seldom paid their expenses, and to dirty little coasters carrying coals and potatoes. At the back of the hotel two slovenly rows of cottages took their crooked course inland. Sailing masters of yachts, off duty, sat and yawned at the windows; lazy fishermen looked wearily at the weather over their garden gates, and superfluous coast guards gathered together in a wooden observatory and leveled useless telescopes at an empty sea. The flat, open country, with its few dwarf trees and its mangy hedges, lay prostrate under the sky in all the desolation of solitary space, and left the famous restorative air free to build up dilapidated nerves, without an object to hinder its passage at any point of the compass. The lonely, drab-colored road that led to the nearest town offered to visitors taking airings a view of a low, brown object in the distance, said to be the convent in which the nuns lived, secluded from mortal eyes. At one side of the hotel the windows looked on a little wooden pier sadly in want of repair. On the other side a walled inclosure accommodated yachts of light tonnage, stripped of their rigging, and sitting solitary on a bank of mud until their owners wanted them. In this neighborhood there was a small outlying colony of shops; one that sold fruits and fish; one that dealt in groceries and tobacco; one shut up, with a bill in the window inviting a tenant, and one, behind the methodist chapel, answering the double purpose of a postoffice and a storehouse for ropes and coals. Beyond these objects there was nothing (and this was the great charm of the place) to distract the attention of invalids, following the doctors' directions, and from morning to night taking care of their health.

The time was evening; the scene was one of the private sitting-rooms in the hotel, and the purpose in view was a little tea party.

Rich Mrs. Romsey, connected with commerce as wife of the chief partner in the firm of Romsey & Renshaw, was staying at the hotel in the interests of her three children. They were of delicate constitution; their complete recovery, after severe illness which had passed from one to the other, was less speedy than had been anticipated, and the doctor had declared that the nervous system was, in each case, more or less in need of repair. To arrive at this conclusion, and to recommend a visit to Sandyseal, were events which followed each other (medically speaking) as a matter of course.

The health of the children had greatly improved; the famous air had agreed with them, and the discovery of new playfellows had agreed with them. They had made acquaintance with Lady Myrie's well-bred boys, and with Mrs. Ormond's charming little Kitty. The most cordial good feeling had established itself among the mothers. Owing a return for hospitalities received from Lady Myrie and Mrs. Ormond, Mrs. Romsey had invited the two ladies to drink tea with her, in honor of an interesting domestic event. Her husband, absent on the continent for some time past on business connected with his firm, had returned to England, and had that evening joined his wife and children at Sandyseal.

Lady Myrie had arrived and Mr. Romsey had been presented to her. Mrs. Ormond, expected to follow, was represented by a courteous note of apology. She was not well that evening, and she begged to be excused.

"This is a great disappointment," Mrs. Romsey said to her husband. "You would have been charmed with Mrs. Ormond—highly-bred, accomplished, a perfect lady. And she leaves us to-morrow. The departure will be an early one, and I shall find an opportunity, my dear, of introducing you to my friend and her sweet little Kitty."

Mr. Romsey looked interested for a moment when he first heard Mrs. Ormond's name. After that he slowly stirred his tea and seemed to be thinking instead of listening to his wife.

"Have you made the lady's acquaintance here?" he inquired.

"Yes—and I hope I have made a friend for life," Mrs. Romsey said with enthusiasm.

"And so do I," Lady Myrie added.

Mr. Romsey went on with his inquiries.

"Is she a handsome woman?"

Both the ladies answered the question together. Lady Myrie described Mrs. Ormond in one dreadful word—as "classical." By comparison with this Mrs. Romsey's reply was intelligible. "Not even illness can spoil her beauty!"

"The sort of headache she has got to-night?" Mr. Romsey satirically suggested.

"Don't be ill-natured, dear! Mrs. Ormond is here by the advice of one of the first physicians in London; she has suffered under serious troubles, poor thing."

Mr. Romsey persisted in being satirical. "Connected with her husband?" he asked.

Lady Myrie entered a protest. She was a widow; and it was notorious among her friends that the death of her husband had been the happiest event in her married life. But she understood her duty to herself as a respectable woman. "I think, Mr. Romsey, you might have spared that cruel allusion," she said with dignity.

Mr. Romsey apologized. He had his reasons for wishing to know something more about Mrs. Ormond; he proposed to withdraw his last remark, and to put his inquiries under another form. Might he ask his wife if anybody had seen Mr. Ormond?

"No."

"Or heard of him?"

Mrs. Romsey answered in the negative once more, and added a question on her own account. What did all this mean?

"It means," Lady Myrie interposed, "what we poor women are all exposed to—scandal." She had not yet forgiven Mr. Romsey's allusion, and she looked at him pointedly as she spoke. There are some impenetrable men on whom looks produce no impression. Mr. Romsey was one of them. He turned to his wife and said, quietly: "What I mean is, that I know more of Mrs. Ormond than you do. I have heard of her—never mind how or where. She is a lady who has been celebrated in the newspapers. Don't be alarmed. She is no less a person than the divorced Mrs. Linley."

The two ladies looked at each other in blank dismay. Restrained by a sense of conjugal duty, Mrs. Romsey only indulged in an exclamation. Lady Myrie, independent of restraint, expressed her opinion, and said: "Quite impossible!"

"The Mrs. Ormond whom I mean," Mr. Romsey went on, "has, as I have been told, a mother living. The old lady has been twice married. Her name is Mrs. Presty."

This settled the question. Mrs. Presty was established, in her own proper person, with her daughter and grandchild at the hotel. Lady Myrie yielded to the force of evidence; she lifted her hands in horror: "This is too dreadful!"

Mrs. Romsey took a more compassionate view of the disclosure. "Perhaps the poor lady is to be pitied," she gently suggested.

Lady Myrie looked at her friend in astonishment. "My dear, you must have forgotten what the judge said about her. Surely you read the report of the case in the newspapers?"

"No; I heard of the trial, and that's all. What did the judge say?"

"Say?" Lady Myrie repeated. "What did he not say! His lordship declared that he had a great mind not to grant the divorce at all. He spoke of this dreadful woman who has deceived us in the severest terms; he said she had behaved in a most improper manner. She had encouraged the abominable governess, and, if her husband had yielded to temptation, it was her fault. And more besides that I don't remember."

Mr. Romsey's wife appealed to him in despair. "What am I to do?" she asked, helplessly.

"Do nothing," was the wise reply. "Didn't you say she was going away to-morrow?"

"That's the worst of it!" Mrs. Romsey declared. "Her little girl Kitty gives a farewell dinner to-morrow to our children, and I've promised to take them to say good-by."

Lady Myrie pronounced sentence without hesitation, "Of course your girls mustn't go. Daughters! Think of their reputation when they grow up!"

"Are you in the same scrape with my wife?" Mr. Romsey asked.

Lady Myrie corrected his language. "I have been deceived in the same way," she said. "Though my children are boys (which perhaps makes a difference) I feel it my duty as a mother not to let them get into bad company. I do nothing myself in an underhand way. No excuses! I shall send a note and tell Mrs. Ormond why she doesn't see my boys to-morrow."

"Surely that's a little hard on her?" said merciful Mrs. Romsey.

Mr. Romsey agreed with his wife, on grounds of expediency. "Never make a row if you can help it," was the peaceable principle to which this gentleman committed himself. "Send word that the children have caught colds, and get over it in that way."

Mrs. Romsey looked gratefully at her admirable husband. "Just the thing!" she said, with an air of relief.

Lady Myrie's contempt expressed itself with the strictest adherence to the laws of courtesy. She rose, smiled, and said "Good-night."

Almost at the moment innocent little Kitty astonished her mother and her grandmother by appearing before them in her nightgown after she had been put to bed nearly two hours since.

"What will this child do next?" Mrs. Presty exclaimed.

Kitty told the truth. "I can't go to sleep, grandma."

"Why not, my darling?" her mother asked.

"I'm so excited, mamma."

"About what, Kitty?"

"About my dinner party to-morrow. Oh," said the child, clasping her hands earnestly as she thought of her playfellows, "I do so hope it will go off well!"

(Continued next week.)

SMART COONS.

The Mother Teaches the Young Ones to Fish.

"I saw the counterpart of a boys' school one day in the woods of Illinois," said an amateur naturalist to a St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* man.

"I was sitting quietly on the bank of a creek when there came pacing down a little path an old mother raccoon with five young ones. The little fellows were about as large as half-grown cats and were as full of fun as that mythical basket of monkeys we read about. If ever there was a hard-worked teacher it was that poor mother coon. She tried to teach the little imps how to catch crawfish and how to eat them.

"When the old lady (she was a very ladylike old 'coon) got the little fellows in a line at the water's edge she sedately walked to a rock and gravely reached down into a hole and brought out a crawfish. She then proceeded to wash it, but just as she was about to eat it one little 'coon broke ranks and stole the crawfish.

"This started a row and all the little fellows were badly mixed, while the old one was administering bites and cuffs indiscriminately among the scholars. She finally succeeded in restoring order and then sent one of the little 'coons to try it in another hole. Here is where the fun began in earnest and all the mischievous boys that ever made a teacher's heart ache were angels of goodness when compared with these little 'coons. They pinched each other's legs and worried the old 'coon until she turned and gave them a general cuffing all around.

"It seemed to me that each little 'coon knew his lesson perfectly and was determined to get all the fun out of the proceedings possible, for when the mother 'coon got so angry that she made her bites felt the little fellows got down to business and caught, washed and ate their crawfish with all the ability of veterans.

"The comically grave faces of the little fellows as they reached down into the crawfish holes and groped about for the fish was too much for my risibilities and I gave such a hearty laugh that the school was instantly dismissed."

An Admiring Auditor.

The political orator had just concluded a flight of eloquence which had occupied exactly three hours.

The pugilist turned from the place with admiration in his face. Yet there was regret in his voice when he spoke.

"Chimmy," he said, "he's a fine talker, ain't he?"

"Dat's what he is."

"I wisht I could take lessons of 'im. Ef us fellers c'ud talk like dat we wouldn't never hafter sign fer no matches wid nobody."

Meekly—I think we will have some rain, my dear. Mrs. Meekly (very strong-minded)—You presume beyond your province. When did I authorize you to use the plural? I am going to have some rain.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

Mind this. It makes no difference,

RHEUMATISM Chronic, Acute, or Inflammatory

of the Muscles, Joints, and Bones is cured by

SAINT JACOBS OIL

The Man who is Raising a Big Crop

—realizes that the harvest time is ahead.

Ideal farming comprehends not only the growing of the tallest grain—the most tons-to-the-acre of hay; the best farming—the farming that pays—must contemplate something more than this; for there is a harvest time, and just in proportion as a crop is saved successfully, speedily and economically, in just that proportion may be measured the season's profit or loss.

McCORMICK

Harvesting Machines are the profit-bringing kind; they are built for long wear, hard work, light draft, and in short, *to satisfy.* There are other kinds that don't cost as much, but *there's nothing cheaper than the best.*

McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Chicago.

The Light-Running McCormick Open Elevator Harvester,
The Light-Running McCormick New 4 Steel Mower,
The Light-Running McCormick Vertical Corn Binder and
The Light-Running McCormick Daisy Reaper for sale everywhere.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 217.

Baker's Chocolate

MADE BY

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.,

Established in 1780, at Dorchester, Mass.

Has the well-known **Yellow Label** on the front of every package, and the trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

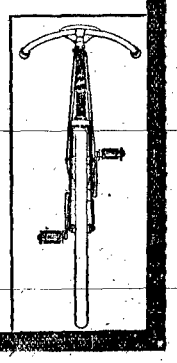
NONE OTHER GENUINE.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

Post Yourself About Bicycles

Read the new Columbia Catalogue. Handsomest catalogue ever issued. Tells fully of Columbia and Hartford bicycles. Whether you buy the Columbia, the Hartford or any other bicycle, it will give you valuable and desirable information that every cyclist should know. Fully illustrated. Free by calling on any Columbia dealer; by mail from us for one 2-cent stamp.

Columbia Bicycles STANDARD OF THE WORLD $100 TO ALL ALIKE.



Hartfords, $75, $60, $50, $45

POPE MFG. CO. Hartford, Conn.

Greatest Bicycle Factory in the World. More than 17 Acres of Floor Space.

Branch House or dealer in almost every city and town. If Columbias are not properly represented in your vicinity, let us know.

"A Fair Face Cannot Atone for An Untidy House."

Use

SAPOLIO

A long sought gold vein has been discovered in a Georgia mine. The mine has been operated for years by the placer process, but the vein is expected to be far richer.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

A man found guilty of fishing in Florida between sundown on Saturday and sunrise on Monday is now punished by a fine not exceeding $200 and confiscation of all his fishing tackle and boats.

JUST try a 10c box of Cascarets, candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made.

ASTHMA CURED Never Fails. DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE Send for address. We will mail a trial bottle FREE DR. TAFT BROS., 45 Elm St., Rochester, N. Y.

SORE EYES? Use Dr. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

SIOUX CITY PRINTING CO. 664—16

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE DEMOCRAT.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

W. S. GOLDIE, Editor and Pub.

The Sioux City Journal announces that the Sewer Pipe Co. has gone into the hands of a receiver and then cites the occurence as an evidence of prosperity. The sewer pipe company should make connection with the Journal office before it can contaminate honest people.

One of the private cars of the Union Pacific system has been thoroughly renovated for the exclusive use of Senator and Mrs. John M. Thurston. The car will be sent to Washington, where it will be met by the former Union Pacific general solicitor and his wife. They will then take possession of it, and leave for Florida, through which state they will travel for the following three weeks.

The order for the car has not yet been officially issued, but will be in a day or two. Advance notice to comply with the request of Mr. Thurston has already been given. It has not yet been decided which car will be sent south for the use of Senator Thurston, but will probably be the handsomely appointed one, known as No. 010.—Omaha Bee.

West Point Progress: The goldbugs have had their last victory. The handwrite is on the wall to this effect. The recent elections throughout the country prove this almost conclusively. Everywhere the silver men are jubiliant and the yellow advocates correspondingly depressed. Here is what Gov. Pingree, of Michigan, who was elected on an anti-silver platform, has to say of the situation.

"There has been a reaction in politics all over the country. Iowa and Ohio and other states and cities that gave enormous republican majorities last fall have elected democratic officers this spring. I predicted after the fall election that the republican party would never win another victory for the single goldstandard, and I am today firmer than ever in the belief. There is a reaction in favor of bimetallism which all parties will be compelled to recognize."

Washington, March 31.—Senator Hansborough of North Dakota has introduced a bill to prevent inventors and others from being deceived and defrauded by alleged patent attorneys. The first section of the above bill would make it a crime punishable by fine or imprisonment at hard labor for a patent attorney to offer or give any article of value or otherwise to his business correspondents.

The second section demands that all patent attorneys shall, when filing an application, make oath that he has not violated the above provision.

This is a specimen of hundreds of bills introduced in congress by our modern legislators. In some states it is a crime for a man to treat his friend to a glass of beer. If the above bill becomes law, the patent attorney will commit a crime should he invite his client to an oyster supper. Then the idea of a man being required to swear that he is not a criminal before he can introduce his business at the patent attorneys office! Such would be a gross insult to any man, and few would submit to it.

No doubt there are many fraudulent pratices in connection with the patent office, as well as in other government offices, and it is alleged that the officials are frequently connected therewith. But a fraud is a fraud no matter how, when and where committed, and if there isn't one law as old as civilization to apply to every case of the kind, it is because our courts are so cumbered up with new, crooked and stupid statutes, rules, regulations, and how-not-to-do-it red tape, that it has come to be a question whether it would not be preferable to enjoy the law of the red savage of the wilderness rather than the abonding obscurities in the thousand and one law books of modern civilization.

Wm. Jennings Bryan was the guest of honor at the great Jefferson birthday banquet held at the National Capital.

Republicans, democrats, and populists, or a large majority of them in Wayne, concede that Holcomb is one of the best governors that Nebraska ever had.

Prof. Bruner of the Nebraska State University has been hired to go to the Argentine Republic to chase grasshoppers, for which he will receive $11,000 per annum and expenses. Prof. Bruner has been after grasshoppers for the past thirty year, and is one of the best posted men in the world.

World-Herald: The east wants protection for what it manufacturers and free entry for the raw material it cannot raise. This is "broad and liberal" according to the eastern tariff organs. The west's demand for protection for the raw material she raises is denounced as "sectional" and "dilatory." In the meantime Dr. Dingley looks forward to 1904.

Ex-Vice President Stevenson, speaking of his appointment to the commission to promote international bimetallism, said:

"I am an earnest bimetallist and regard the restoration of silver to be of supreme importance to the world. What our views may be as to ability of the government to maintain a free and unlimited coinage of silver without the co-operation of the leading countries of Europe, it may be safely assumed that every freind of silver in the United States will welcome international bimetallism."

Mr. Stevenson expressed strong confidence that the labors of the commission would be successful.

Cheery news comes to the silver men, in the election returns from Iowa, Mich, and New Jersey, as well as from Chicago, Cities and towns in these states which gave an enormous vote for McKinley in November, have rolled up healthy democratic majorities in their late municipal election. The suasive power of the goldstandard advocates, which never was aught but promises, no longer has effect. The bimetallists are stronger today than ever before and its ranks are being daily augmented. Separate organizations within the democratic, populist and silver-republican parties on the financial question are being maintained and strengthened, and the general sentiment among their able leaders is that the best results can be attained to so continue it. The men who are doing battle for financial reform are right. They are men of deep conviction, ever honest and true to their belief. Willing at all times to give their time and talents, and if need be—as has been shown—ready to break friendship's ties and party affiliations of years for the furtherance of the glorious cause. How can bimetallism help but prevail in the end, when such men are back of it? The reign of the goldstandard is obnoxious to our people. They are showing it by the ballot. Let us be up and doing. Let Wayne county join with her sister counties in a thorough and complete organization of her silver forces. The parties are three in organization, but one at the polls. Let a movement for a strong union in Wayne county be started at once and victory, entire, will be ours in the fall. Hoist the banner of bimetallism high to the azure blue, and gallantly go forth. The yellow hues cast about us last November are being subdued by whiter lights. The grey streaks which now fret the clouds in the East portends many coming victories for silver's champions and the rising of a glorious triumph in Nineteen Hundred.

The republican papers that worked themselves into a frenzy over the recount of the ballots on the amendment, to seat two new judges of the supreme court, are simply knocked silly over the defeat of the measure, as given by the returns from the recount. The republicans were evidently of one mind in regard to the recount, and that is, the populist legislature would adopt the tactics of the g. o. p. and make the ballots count to suit the party's interests. If the position of the two parties in regard to this matter were reversed, the state would have two more state judges on the supreme bench, as sure as the sun rises.

Tekamah Burtonian.

The Omaha Bee is press agent for the Transmississippi Exposition and a few of the country weeklies are doing the advertising for which the Bee charges one hundred per cent commission.—Wayne Democrat.

A great many of the state papers will continue to publish columns of free advertising sent out by Rosewater, under the plea to stand up for Nebraska, while he draws the money for advertising. If the managers of the Transmississippi Exposition can afford to pay for advertising in the Bee they can afford to pay the country papers. The Burtonian received copy for about two columns of solid matter this week from Rosewater, with the request to please publish. But no pay was to be asked as it was "standing up for Nebraska" in boosting the Exposition. We do what others should do—consigned it to the waste basket. If the state papers will shut down on this free advertising they will soon be getting pay for it, but when a lot of them continue to be a lot of "suckers" none of the papers can receive any remunerative benefit. Tekamah Burtonian

Commissioners' Proceedings.

Wayne, Neb., April 12th, 1897.

Board met pursuant to adjournment; all members present.

On motion Henry Hodson was appointed road overseer for Road Dist. No. 8, and D. H. Surber for Dist. No. 9. Their official bonds having been examined, were approved.

The Board having decided to go out and view the proposed road petitioned for by D. M. Davis, et al, and to inspect several bridges in the west part of the county, and expecting to be gone on this trip at least two days, the Board adjourned to Wednesday, April 14, 1897.

S. B. RUSSELL, Clerk.

Wayne, Neb., April 13th, 1897.

The County Board arrived from Carroll on the afternoon train. All members present.

They having examined the proposed road petitioned for by D. M. Davis et al, between sections 14 and 23, 13 and 24, 27-1, find that the public good does not require that said road be opened.

On motion it was ordered that all proceedings relating thereto be stopped and that road be not opened.

On motion the Commissioners agreed with T. S. Goss, that as to him, any action upon the Bond of Wm. Miller for the amount due for recording fees unreported, should at the option of the County, be found and estimated on the same basis and in the same manner as the same is done in the suits against S. B. Russell, in case it be held by the Supreme Court that the amount received as Clerk of the Board is required to be entered on fee book and accounted for.

On motion the County Attorney is ordered not to commence suit on the Bond of William Miller until further ordered by the Board.

On motion Board adjourned until tomorrow morning, April 14th, 1897.

S. B. RUSSELL, Clerk.

Wayne, Neb., April 14th, 1897.

Board met pursuant to adjournment; all members present.

On motion the following claims were audited and allowed and warrants ordered drawn on County General Fund for same:

D. M. Davis, serving road not's.	$ 5 00
Ed Reynolds, board prisoners.	109 10
John Reinhart, road work.....	1 25
Allen Bannister, bridge work..	11 37
C. A. Baggert, cleaning.....	1 50
E. Cunningham, bar dockets..	8 00
Bert Brown, postage.....	2 00
A. G. Mettlen, bridge work....	8 75

Ed. Reynolds, boarding and returning Rash from penitentiary, claimed $83.45, allowed $31.25 as follows: The item of boarding C. K. Rash in penitentiary from Feb. 8, 1897, to April 9, 1897, 60 days, $60.00, was cut to $30.00, and the items of sheriff's expenses, board for self for prisoner $6.50, sheriff fare, $4.85, prisoner fare $4.85, and sheriff 3 days, $6.00, were rejected.

On motion Board adjourned to May 1, 1897, and left on the morning train for Winside to inspect bridges.

S. B. RUSSELL, Clerk.

Council Proceedings.

Wayne, April 12, 1897.

The city council met in regular session with the following members present: Mayor Stringer, Councilmen Olmsted, Main, Fisher, Richards, Piepenstock and Volpp, and Clerk Beebe.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were allowed as read:

L. W. Roe, freight.....	$127 40
Deer Creek Coal Co., coal	21 25
Merrill & Hogue, draying.....	6 80
Geo. Miner, month's salary.....	50 00
Chas. Beebe 4th quarter salary.	18 7
Chet Witter, burying dog.....	50
Sam Short, burying pigs	50
Election Boards, fees.....	30 00
A. W. Taylor, rent	2 00
J. A. Love, rent.....	2 00
Fred Volpp, hauling lumber....	1 00
Geo. Cook, street work.....	14 00
Geo. Grant, work on bridge....	1 00
Hinrichs & Theilmann, repairs.	55
Wayne Herald, ballots, etc.....	10 15
State Journal, poll books	3 65
L. W. Roe, treasurer's salary...	40 00

The committee appointed to investigate the matter of putting in a culvert in the main line of the railroad track reported that the R. R. company would put in the culvert as soon as a ditch was dug by the city from track to the creek. The city attorney was instructed to make out papers and secure the right of way for said ditch.

D. C. Main and Aug. Piepenstock being appointed by the Mayor canvassed the poll books of the city election held April 6th, 1897, and found the vote cast as shown by the books to be as follows:

	Total	Maj.
For Mayor—		
Henry Ley.....	155	5
Mark Stringer.....	150	
For Clerk—		
Everett Laughlin	152	3
Will Rickabaugh.....	149	
For Treasurer—		
Nelson Grimsley.....	124	
L. W. Roe.....	175	51
For Police Judge—		
A. T. Witter.....	226	
For Councilman, 1st Ward—		
Henry Goll	57	29
C. B. Owens.....	28	
Second Ward—		
Ran Frazier.....	87	
Third Ward—		
D. C. Main.....	94	
School Board 3 year term—		
C. O. Fisher.....	151	27
J. D. King.....	124	
John Lewis.....	92	
J. J. Williams.....	161	69
School Board, 2 year term—		
A. F. Brenner.....	205	89
J. P. Gaertner.....	173	57
E. D. Mitchell.....	116	
School Board, 1 year term—		
W. H. Bradford.....	169	64
R. C. Osborn.....	105	

The Street and Alley committee reported in favor of the petition in regard to putting in a crossing on Logan street across Second street, and the crossing was ordered put in.

Ordinance No. 99, an ordinance granting to the Iowa & Nebraska Telephone Co., the right to erect and maintain a telephone line in the city of Wayne, was introduced and read. On motion the rules were suspended and the ordinance passed to its second and third reading and final passage.

On motion council adjourned to the first Monday in May.

CHAS. S. BEEBE, Clerk.

CORRECT REPORT.

Wheat is 53 cents.
Oats 9 to 10.
Corn 9.
Flax 56.
Butter 7.
Eggs 7.
Potatoes 25.
Hogs, 3.50.

CRAVEN

The Wayne Photographer

makes the finest finished

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

of any artist in Northeastern Nebraska at reasonable prices.

Special Attention Given to Children.

All work guaranteed to be First-Class in Every Respect.

GALLERY OVER POSTOFFICE — WAYNE, NEBRASKA

Corner Restaurant,

MRS. RUTTER, Proprietoress.

SHORT ORDER AND LUNCH.

Special Attention paid Farmers and Transients.

JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN HARNESS,

Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Bankets.

COMBS, BRUSHES, ETC.

Wayne, Neb. — Repairing of all kinds promptly attended. Call on me and I will do you good — Pender, Neb.

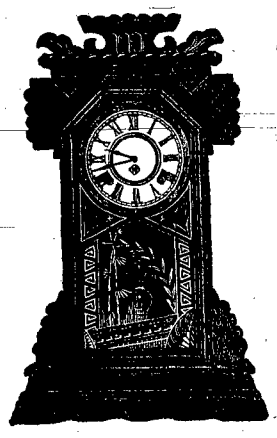
City Meat Market,

J. H. GOLL, Proprietor.

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats,

Highest market price paid for Hides, Pelts and Furs.

WAYNE, - NEBRASKA.



Clocks, $1UP

All Warranted.

FINE REPAIRING A SPECIALITY

INGALLS THE JEWELER

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

FRED VOLPP PROPRIETOR.

Fresh and Cured Meats

New Furniture Store,

"And the Blow Almost Killed

Bring in the Furniture buyers.

Our New Prices

(CUT THE MUSTARD)

Always on hand, the best the market affords

WATSON THE LEADER.

Mere Mention.

The roads are drying up.

Seed potatoes—Brookings grocery.

The best made-to-order suits in town at Holtz.

Beautiful, handsome sutings—Holtz, the tailor.

Good house for rent. Enquire of Geo. Gelder, Lewis' harness shop.

The famous Schubert Symphony club and ladies' quartet will appear in Wayne May 6th.

The Brookings Grocery has a choice lot of early seed potatoes. Call at once, all varieties.

Just received a line of Sterling Silver Novelties suitable for Easter Gifts.—Mines the Jeweler.

A. B. Charde removed his office effects into the old sample room of the Love hotel, Wednesday, which he will fix up for an office.

The county commissioners have been investigating the bridges in the north west part of the county and find a great many of them out.

Will Jastram has purchased the household furniture of Wm. Larson and rented a house of J. W. Bartlett. We will tell the rest next week.

The Rickabaugh barber shop has a new tin roof and is undergoing a general renovation. It will be re-papered and painted befiting a model shop.

Sheriff Reynolds sold a couple of more farms this week. Nothing like pushing the good times along. It there is no real estate business let the sheriff make some.

Mrs. Roy Huff, who lives one mile south of Belden is reported dangerously ill with typhoid fever. Mrs. Huff is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Atkins.

Arch'd McIntosh has just finish a large and beautiful cabinet, with glass door and sides. The case will be used by Miss Carrie Stringer for her taxidermic collection

The Mayor and Councilmen were out investigating the feed yards and dumpting grounds south of town yesterday and will have the nuisance abated and the feed yards will likely be moved on of town.

E. H. Purcell, proprietor of the Schubert Symphony Club is in the city today arranging for a date for his company of singers. The Schuberts are the best musical organization in the West.

Nat Childs any Chas. Stahnke were up from Wakefield yesterday. Stahnke did not appear much harmed because of the fistic encounter he had with a butcher of that town lately, and whom he bruised considerably.

T. A. Harmon of the World-Herald, Will S. Jay of the State Journal, and a representative of the Bee were all in town Tuesday. Sam Davies has now the exclusive right to sell the above publications in Wayne.

There will be Easter services at the M. E. church next Sunday morning, and a good Easter sermon by the pastor. In the evening the Sunday school will give an Easter concert to which everybody is cordially invited.

Editor McNeal and his postoffice grip were passengers for the west yesterday While other people may be full of imaginary air ships and other visions, Mac is sure he sees the real thing and will some day be able to "read our titles clear" on the postal cards.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian church will give a Carnival of Days and Easter Supper in the storeroom recently vacated by Ingalls, tomorrow evening. Ice cream and cake will be served in the afternoon and evening and a sumptuous supper from 6:00 to 7:30. There will be a grand exhibition of fancy and useful articles which "will be sold regardless of cost." A good jolly time and a square meal guaranteed to all who attend.

The M. E. ministers of the state have been holding missionary rallies in several towns about the state. The meetings for this district were held at Wakefield, Wayne and Winside. Rev. Millard reports them as being very successful. The first being held at Wakefield Tuesday night. The meeting here on Wednesday night, was addressed by Revs. Millard, Wright and Shaffer. One of the enjoyable features of the evening being some vocal solos by Mrs. Shaffer, wife of the Wakefield divine. The above clergymen addressed the third rally at Winside last evening.

There are 112 cases to come up at the next term of court, a large number of which will probably not be tried. Among that number is the state vs. Jas. Sneath. Sneath wanted to kill somebody, but is now in Dixon county and will probably be left there. Henry Boyd vs. R. E. Mellor, suit over a land deal. Matilda Myers vs. Henry Ley. Wayne county vs. Steve Russell, which will be continued. Jas. W. Bartlett vs Wiltz Heister, arising from a partnership deal. State vs. Simon Goeman, a charge of assisting a criminal to escape the sheriff. Minnie Schmill vs. Walter Erickson, can't mention it. State vs. C. K. Rash, will probably be continued. State vs. John Brandt another unmentionable.

Watches

Ladies' gold filled Elgin watches from $8.00 up.

Gents' nickle Elgin watches from $3.50 up, all fully warranted.

INGLLS THE JEWELER.

Clint Slater was in the city on Wednesday.

T. E. Hill was a visitor to Coleridge Monday

J. T. Merriott was up from Wakefield Wednesday.

Next Thursday is the 25th anniversary of Arbor Day.

Lawyer Kimball went a'courting to Hartington yesterday.

Perry & Porterfield shipped two cars of fine cattle to Omaha Wednesday.

If you want some choice seed potatoes call at the Brookings grocery.

Easter spoons now on sale call and see them at.—Mines's Jewelery store

For sale or trade.—Neat residence on upper Main street.—Chas. Warner.

The feed yards about town are in a bad condition and load the air with rank odors.

Dick Galbraith rode his saddle cob to Wisner Tuesday, coming back on Wednesday.

Miss Blanch Perrin was delightfully surprised by a number of her young friends last Wednesday evening.

Miss Martha Galbraith, daughter of our Richard, came up from Wisner Wednesday and will attend the College.

Gene Sullivan shipped a car of feeders down from Bloomfield Wednesday that he will fatten in his yards here.

Mrs. F. P. Baker and daughter Grace arrived in the city Wednesday afternoon and are guests of Mrs. R. Philleo.

There was a whole dray load of goods from Sioux City last night. Patronize Sioux City and let Wayne take care of herself.

Tekamah Burtonian: Walter Weber and wife, of Wayne, are visiting with Mrs Weber's mother, Mrs. Andrew Morehouse.

Sheriff Reynolds brought C. K. Rash up from Lincoln last Friday night. Rash is enjoying good health and will get out for an airing next week.

L. W. Holtz says he is having the best trade he has ever enjoyed in the city. His success is due to firstclass workmanship and judicious advertising.

There is but one train [illegible] now on the branch [illegible] the bad condition of the tracks. The train arrives here at 2:30 p. m. and leaves at 4:10.

S. H. Alexander will conduct the Y. M. C. A. meeting next Sunday. There will also be some good music, and an invitation is extended to all to be present.

A little girl who had been attending school in the rural districts quit her studies with the explanation that her father made her stay home and watch the chick hens.

Mrs. Walter Weber and Mrs. and Mrs. E. M. Smith planned an enjoyable surprise at the home of Mrs. Will Weber last Friday evening. Cards and dancing made a very pleasant evening's entertainment, with the choicest of fruits served for refreshment. The the guests present were Messrs and Mesdames Ley, Grimsley, Ellis, Neely, Armstrong, Mellor, Smith, Mrs. Griffin, Miss Armstrong and Robert Armstrong.

Bro. Cunningham gets off a very good joke in the Republican this week wherein he tells the public how many thousands of dollars he is saving the people by having his two hired men dispense alms to the poor. It's a very nice thing, the only disappointing feature being that the people know "Cute-hind-quarters-of-a-hog" is running a gag on the public.

Miss Erica Thompson, whom The Democrat last week mentioned as being very sick, died on Saturday last from a complication of measles and heart failure. The funeral was held Monday from the Baptist church and very largely attended notwithstanding the rain was pouring down and the roads almost impassible. Miss Thompson had many friends in the city, having been a dressmaker at Mrs. Bibler's. It is a very sad blow to relatives and friends.

"The Presbyterian church choir has been doing some fine singing lately," remarks a member of the church, "and Miss Armstrong has received numerable compliments as a church organist, but oh, what has become of the congregational singing? The only thing they seem able to sing is the doxology, and with what fervor and enjoyment it is sung. By all means, let us have good, old-fashioned congregational music; when the good, full round voices of the better singers hide the imperfections of the weaker ones."

TWO SCHOOL ESSAYS.

Below is given some of the work of the seventh grade in reading. The essays are from Lowell's "A Day in June," and were written after one lesson had been given on the poem, the pupils being asked to write in as good language as possible, the thoughts suggested by the poem. The work is entirely their own, so that while we recognize its imperfections, it shows just what they are able to do. As this is their first work of this kind, they hope to be able to have printed, at the end of the year, selections from their essays, that will show they are improving in their ability to get thought from the printed, as well as to express it in good language.

W. W. BONER.

"A DAY IN JUNE."

By Eda Myers.

A day in June with all Nature's beauties, is something we do not often have the pleasure of enjoying.

We consider June as the perfect month Heaven seems to be better friends with the earth than usual. The sun sends his warm rays upon the earth, and the clods which seem to have been dead are now alive with the other things belonging to Nature. If we do seem to be blind to this new life which exists we cannot help but notice it, because we hear the cock crowing with renewed eagerness, we feel the fresh air, and hear some insect singing in his palace on a blade of grass, a weed, or a flower. The bird sits chirping among the fresh green leaves, while his mate is sitting on the nest singing sweetly to herself. It is hard to tell which song is the most joyful. In this month or day in June, everybody is cheerful, happy and gay. The bays, inlets and rivers overflow with the spring rains, the fruit trees begin to leaf and bud, the wild flowers spring up, and the robins are preparing their summer dwellings Everything is improving.

It's now easy to be pleasant; the clouds over our lives and the clouds in the sky have left, although we do not know where they have gone. People think it is no use to be sullen or sad because everybody and every are pleasing.

We do not realize what a pleasant month June is until unpleasant months come. June is therefore the pleasantest month we have.

"A DAY IN JUNE."

By Stella Douglas.

The question is asked, "what is more pleasant to a person than a day in June?"

With the sun shining brightly, the flowers in bloom, the gentle breezes blowing, and the green leaves and grasses which afford a home for many happy insects are so fresh, and even the little bird is happy as he sits singing on the door of his little house which is built in the trees among the blossoms, while his mate on the nest sings to herself, and he to Nature. This is the best time in the year and whatever joy has passed away this seems to bring back. A person while sitting in the shade cannot help enjoying Nature, as the leaves flutter, and the grass almost seems to grow as you look at it.

If a person were blind I think they could tell how beautiful a day it was because the cattle are lowing, the birds singing, and the crowing of the chanticleer could also be heard. On such a day as this there is no place for grief. The tears that have been shed are forgotten. Passion and woe are both covered from sight. This is what I call a perfect day.

The Racket pays seven cents in trade for eggs.

X. Lamm of the Hawkeye state was a visitor at Wendell Baker's this week.

C. Freeburg, an old resident of the county, living near Hoskins, died last Friday.

Miss Nellie Spears will commence her school, in the Childs' district south of Wakefield, next Monday.

J. T. Bressler's services as a director for the Union Pacific railroad will not bring him any such fabulous sum as printed in the Herald. A conductor on the Norfolk train figures it about $1000.

Ed. Mitchell got a nice lot of shrubs from Rock Island, Ill., the other day and is having a time to keep them alive. The rose bushes are out in buds ready to bloom, and all are covered with leaves.

Everybody has a cordial invitation to attend the social at Mellor's hall next Monday night. The ladies are going to much pains to make it a joyful occasion. Cakes and fruits will be dished up to the hungry, and some good games for amusement.

The telephone system is a sure thing and a large portion of the lines connecting Emerson, Wakefield, Coleridge, Hartington, Laurel, Wayne, Winside, Norfolk and other towns will be about completed by August 1st. A city exchange will be put in and, as the projectors, Messrs Pritchard and Cottrell are meeting with success in getting an amount of business guaranteed in advance it is safe to presume that the enterprise will be a paying venture.

NOTES FROM THE COLLEGE

Miss Martha Galbraith of Wisner, entered College this week.

Mr. Summers has gone out to teach a short term.

Prof. Pile lectures at Lyons Friday evening the 23rd.

A beginning Latin class was organized this week.

Miss Lizzie Gallagher of Laurel, enrolled in the graduating class this week.

Principal Ashton of Chambers came in Monday for a term's work in first grade branches and Latin.

Miss Lena Engel of Ponca entered the Conservatory department this week and her sister the teachers' department.

Miss Summers of Bancroft, enrolled this week. She takes some review studies and lessons on the guitar.

Miss Balgard and Mr. Wilson have been on the sick list a few days but are reported better.

Miss Emma Schultz will have charge of the Primary School this summer. She will make a decided success of it.

Prof. F. M. Harding of South Sioux City and Prof. E. O. Garret of Spearfish, S. D., have been engaged for the summer.

The outlook is that a very large attendance will take advantage of the Summer term, which begins June 7. Circulars were sent out this week outlining the work for the term.

HOSKINS.

Mrs. John Ziemer was a Norfolk visitor Wednesday.

W. J. Weatherholt came home Saturday and went to Albion Monday morning.

Roy Gleason was at Winside Monday.

Mabel Philips and Martha Zutz were at Norfolk Tuesday.

Grant Sines left here Monday for a trip through Colorado.

Miss Lee commenced a school for small children Monday morning.

Everybody from far and near is cordially invited to be present at the Easter exercises next Sunday evening at the M. E. church.

What different thoughts Easter brings to different people. To some it is a solemnly joyful occasion; the anniversary of the day the Saviour arose from the dead, thereby giving promise to the whole world that there is a life beyond the grave. To some it is a day when they shall wear that Easter bonnet. The writer is thinking rather seriously if he is likely to get plenty of eggs.

F. Ransdell has taken the place on the section vacated by G. Sines.

Charles Long was down from Winside Sunday.

Rob. Templin spent Sunday at home.

PAUL PRY.

["Paul Pry" was not connected in any way with correspondence of last week which was signed "Other dog."—Editor]

CARROLL NEWS.

D. C. Main of Wayne, was here Thursday inspecting the corn belonging to the Citizen's Bank.

Rev. D. L. Hughes left for Cherry county Neb., where he will spend a few days with the churches.

Mrs. Pittenger of Albion is visiting with her daughter Mrs. Mossman.

All corn that is in crib here which was in good shape when cribbed and well covered is in good condition.

J. C. Davis is visiting with his family at Vermillion.

Ed. Zielke made a business trip to Winside Monday.

Several of our farmers are shipping their butter to Sioux City and seem satisfied with their returns.

J. G. Morrison drove in from Lincoln Tuesday and is looking after his land here.

J. H. Belden was in Wayne Monday

T. I. Shafer has rented the hotel and will take possession May 1.

The train now goes down at 2 p. m. and back at 5 p. m., making only two trains a day.

Wm. Klapmier shelled some of his '95 corn Monday and found it in fine condition.

A brother-in-law of Mrs. Love was visiting here Tuesday.

James Stevens will soon erect a new house and several are figuring on same.

Several were out to the lyceum at Bush Union Saturday evening and found the people all right.

Geo. Shirts of Winside was visiting his brother Thomas Tuesday.

A missionary rally was held at the Methodist church Tuesday evening, Rev. Muller being assisted by Rev. Bothwall of Randolph and Rev. Needham of Bloomfield.

The members of the Degree of Honor have decided to give a literary entertainment the latter part of May.

Wm. Klapmier has bought a grinder and will grind a large amount of the feed for his hogs.

Most of the corn that was left in the field last fall is now husked.

Extensive arrangements are being made for Easter services at the Methodist church next Sunday.

Easter and Spring

MILLINERY OPENING

Grand Display of

Pattern Hats and Bonnets,

Sailors and Walking Hats.

Misses and Children's Hats

For the next Ten Days, commencing

APRIL 15

At MISS H. WILKINSON'S.

STATE BANK OF WAYNE

PAID-UP CAPITAL $75,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

The only Bank in the County whose stock is all held at home. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

J. W. Jones, President. C. A. Chace, Vice Pres't. Henry Ley, Cashier.

Miss Hellen Staam is acting in the capacity of bookkeeper at the bank.

Rev. J. W. Merrill of Plainview was visiting his relatives here the first of the week.

Elias Haines has invented a sweep for an emery power and anyone wil be well paid for calling and inspecting it.

W. A. Moore left for Blackfoot, Idaho, Wednesday afternoon. "Doc" as he is familiarly known has many friends here who wish him success.

Jocob Mort arrived in town Wednesday and shelled a large pile of corn belonging to King.

M. S. Linn has received and opened up a large stock of glassware which was badly needed in the town.

Mrs. E. D. Mitchell entertains the duplicate whist club tonight.

Mrs H. M. Henry and daughter Eda were passengers east this morning.

Frank Nangle reopens his school in the Cunningham district south-east of town Monday.

Elmer Fuller is very sick at the Love Hotel. He is suffering from measles and pneumonia.

The Easter bonnets next Sunday will be numerous judging from the enormous display in the stores the past week.

Mark Miller was telegraphed for last night owing to the serious illness of his wife. He arrived from Minn. on this morning's train.

Irwin McCullough of Shenandoah, Ia., has been the guest of J. M. Beale, W. A. K. Neely and E. J. Nangle this week. He went home this morning.

John D. Meiklejohn's friends in Wayne will be glad to hear of his appointment as assistant secretary of War. Nebraska is getting her share of recognition from the administration.

"The influence of alcohol on the moderate drinker" was intelligently discussed by Dr. Blair at the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday afternoon. The subject was productive of much interesting instruction and it was one of the best meetings yet held.

The Winside Tribune wants some "hens on subscription." We have seen hens on the run, have seen them on the fence, and heard of their traveling in covered wagons, but this idea of setting them on back subscriptions is the best scheme yet evolved by the hen man of the Tribune.

The saloons will endeavor to have their license cut down to suit the times, and may quit business if the council refuses to do this. $1500 was big money in good times, and as about everything else has been lowered the Democrat believes the saloons are entitled to a reasonable reduction if they are to run at all.

Walter William Taylor, South Dakota's wobbling state treasurer, was let out of the Sioux Falls pen Wednesday. A Swede who looked after the engine room of the penitentiary used to have Nebraska's Mosher and Dakota's Taylor hitched to a big wheelbarrow that hauled out the ashes, and when visitors were about would take pride in yelling: "Yik oop dar! see ma million dollur tame."

He Coughed Up the Cash.

For Being Too Familiar With a Wayne Young Woman Gay Harry Woodward Parts With His Cash and Reputation.

Wayne gossips have had a choice bit of scandal the past week, and as is customary with a certain class of people, the injured and ruined life of a young girl, who has followed in the pathway allowed her by injudicious and reckless parents, is looked upon with contempt, while they exert every influence to hush the matter up for the smooth guy who is accused of accomplishing her ruin, presumably that he may be able to darken the door of another happy home with his vileness. It is false modesty in a newspaper or a people when they blink their eyes at such an occurence as The Democrat here relates, and suppress the subject because a few narrow-minded hypocrites may have their coarse sensibilities shocked, or for the reason that the evil doer may own a handsome wardrobe, a sporty reputation, a good job and a few dollars. Brant, the fellow putting in time at the jail because he has neither friends nor money, was given plenty of publicity by all the city papers, and also the country lass with whom he had trouble, and Brant is far more of a man than the coarse, gibbering, unfeeling Woodward, who regards his experience with a Wayne girl as an expensive joke. There is a stern lesson for some of the fathers and mothers of Wayne, in the facts that have come to light the past week, and for the benefit of parents of wild but well-intentioned daughters, who live in other towns, The Democrat will just say that Sheriff Reynolds went to Norfolk last Monday morning and Harry Woodward and Judge Barnes came back on the afternoon train. It took until Tuesday afternoon to reach an understanding with an attorney for the young woman, by the terms of which Woodward gives the girl $500 and pays all costs. While that is a small price for a young woman's virtue, it will help provide for future emergencies. The Democrat hopes every exchange in the state will take notice of this man Woodward, who travels for a St. Joe millinery house, and let the people know of his tricks with Wayne people.

Report of Teachers' Meetmg.

Meeting was called at 2:15 P. M., Miss Dorman presiding.

How I use the state course of study, W. O. Land.

Discussion—Miss Dorman, Mr. Park.

History—How to cultivate a historic spirit; W. E. Howard; discussion, general.

Reading circle work—Discussion of the preparation of outlines for narratives in History.

Child's study—Discussion of intellect.

Current Events.

Announcements for May 1st.

Natural study in the rural schools—Misses Minta Lewis and Ritchey.

Geography—Misses Culler and Perdue.

The value and study of the dictionary—Miss Preston; Miss Belle Beswick.

Reading Circle Work.

History—General outline [illegible] studies of Group V.

Child's study—Chas. [illegible]

Adjourned. [illegible]

THE :-: DEMOCRAT

W. S. GOLDIE, Publisher.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA

The British steamer Oxus was repairing the Mexican cable between Galveston and Tampico on March 17. There was not a man, Captain Sutherland included, who was not greedy to know the result of every round of the Fitzsimmons-Corbett fight. Captain Sutherland dropped his deep sea anchor, a grappling iron soon brought the cable to the surface, the insulation was opened and a wire connected with an instrument on board, and the telegraph operator sat on deck and announced the result of each round as it was fought at Carson City.

A few days ago two daughters of C. Grail of Tipton, Ind., drove to Kokomo in a buggy expecting to return home the same day. The girls are 11 and 13 years of age and made the trip alone. On getting ready to return home their horse was nowhere to be found. No one was informed of their misfortune, and, thinking that the rig was stolen, the little girls set out on foot, walking every step of the way home, a distance of twenty-two miles. The horse was found the same day.

The cause of temperance is not making any progress in Great Britain. The average consumption per family of five persons is £18 18s 6d, about $90 per year, the total amount spent for liquors during 1896 being £148,972,320, or £6,500,000 more than in 1895. Since 1871 the amount spent for liquors has increased £30,000,000, although it was hoped that compulsory education would tend to lessen the evil of intemperance. The number of abstainers within the United Kingdom is estimated at 7,000,000.

Statistics compiled by the American Grocer show that the consumption of both alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages has not increased during the hard times between 1892 and 1896. The consumption of whisky and other spirits during this period has decreased from one and a half gallons to one gallon per capita. There was a larger percentage in the decrease of wines, while the consumption of beer remained stationary, the average individual contenting himself with about fifteen gallons per year.

The library combination fever has reached Cleveland, O., and an effort is being made there to have the Case library and the public library housed under one roof. The case library was endowed by one of Cleveland's many liberal citizens and is open to any resident upon the payment of but $1 annually. The public library, though not of many years' growth, already contains more than 150,000 volumes, and its circulation last year ranked fourth among the great libraries of the country.

It is thought by many that the time is not far distant when fog and the smoke in the atmosphere of large cities will be dissipated by electricity. Already a patent has been taken out in Germany for an apparatus for smoke prevention by means of wires stretched inside a flue or chimney and rendered incandescent by an electric current. This simple method will consume the blackest smoke, but at present it is much too expensive for practical use.

Some recent high prices paid for postage stamps in London were: Moldavia, 81 paras, $495; Tuscany, 8 lire, yellow, $300; St. Vincent, 6 pence, yellow-green, $90; Reunion, 30 cents, first issue, $250, for both a used and unused specimen; Newfoundland 2 pence, carmine, $150; 4 pence, carmine, $67; New Brunswick, 1 shilling, violet, $100; Great Britain, 1 penny, black, $100, and a strip of three Queensland, 2 penny, blue, $390.

Morgantown, W. Va., and vicinity must be set down as a "happy land." The receipt of a large sum to be devoted to the needs of any destitute family of the town led to a diligent investigation by a charitable institution with the result of establishing the fact that there was not in the town or adjacent country a family so poor that it needed the money.

The population of Greater New York will exceed that of Massachusetts by half a million, and it is stated that if the populations of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Montana, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah and Nevada were all united in a single state it would still have less than the population of the contemplated mammoth metropolis.

While masons were tearing down the New Hartford house at Winsted, Conn., the oldest landmark in that part of the state, they unearthed a bottle of wine which was placed there when the hotel was built, 135 years ago. Landlord Harry Clark will open the bottle when his new hotel is opened.

The eighth international congress of pharmaceutical chemists takes place this year at Brussels on August 14. The program comprises not merely pharmacy and applied chemistry, but also the question of hygiene, public health and drinking waters and sanitary legislation.

The British embassy in Washington costs the people of England about $90,000 a year, or two-thirds as much as the expense of our whole state department. The German embassy costs about $60,000; the French about $50,000, and the Italian about $30,000.

In spite of the vigorous anti-tobacco crusade among the Methodists of northern Indiana, it is officially reported that there are still seven tobacco using preachers in the north Indiana Methodist conference. As the total membership of the conference is about 300, the percentage of tobacco users is small.

Mrs. Lorana K. Hinkley of Pea Cove, Me., at the age of 94 is able to read and write without glasses. She is American all the way through. Her grandfather fought in the revolution, her father and her husband in the war of 1812, and four sons, four sons-in-law and six nephews in the rebellion.

On a side street on the east side of New York there is a sign that appeals to a man with much force. The sign reads: "Old-fashioned, careful

FOR A SUPPLY DEPOT LOCATED AT OMAHA

Allen and Pettigrew Will Work to Put Indian Supplies at a Convenient Point.

OMAHA NOW FEARS SIOUX CITY

Pickler to Lead His Own Fight for the Indian Commissionership and Against Mr. Johnson.

Omaha, April 13.—A Washington special to the Bee says:

Senator Allen's amendment to the Indian appropriation bill will in all probability be accepted by Chairman Pettigrew of the committee. This amendment provides for the maintenance of an Indian supply depot at Omaha and is in line with the senator's report as a member of that committee wherein he stated at considerable length the feasibility of distributing quickly and cheaply supplies sent to Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana, and other western, northwestern and southwestern states, destined for the Indians in that vast stretch of territory. Senator Allen will make a strong fight upon the floor of the senate to pass his amendment, and as he will have the sanction of the chairman of the Indian committee, and for that matter the committee itself, there is no doubt but that the amendment will be attached to the Indian bill, which will in all probability come up for consideration the fore part of this week. It must not be forgotten that Sioux City for many years past has been a strong competitor with Omaha in having such a depot established in the west, and if the amendment is to remain on the Indian appropriation bill, it will require earnest effort on the part of all representatives from Nebraska, especially the republicans, who have the call at court.

Ex-Representative Pickler of South Dakota is expected to reach Washington today. He is coming to manage his own campaign for the commissionership of Indian affairs, and also to oppose the confirmation of Nathan P. Johnson as agent at Sisseton Indian agency. He will make an effort to have the president withdraw Johnson's name in order that he may not have to put himself in the attitude of opposing the administration.

The postoffice at Nelson, Yankton county, S. D., has been discontinued. Mail will go to Irene.

William F. Ware was commissioned postmaster at Plymouth, Neb.

HE CONFESSES HIS CRIME

Young Man at Ponca Tells How He Robbed the Safe of Its Wealth.

Ponca, Neb., April 13.—Chas. Groves, a young man of 22, was arrested Saturday and lodged in the Dixon county jail for the burglary of M. F. Gimble's store in Ponca, February 11, and taking from the safe $160. The sum of $71 has been recovered and the prisoner has confessed to the burglary. Sheriff Hart's suspicions were first aroused against Groves by seeing Groves' wife spending money on millinery.

PENSION LIST STILL GROWS

A Goodly Number of Names of Veterans in Two States are Added.

Washington, April 12.—Pensions were granted Saturday as follows:

Iowa—Original: William E. Furnish, Mondamin; Welford M. Smith, Waterloo; Samuel Callen, Malcolm; Ahanias Hutson, Dyer; Alexander D. Haskins Perry, Sidney B. Messinger, Grand Junction. Additional: Henry J. Brown, Vinton. Widows: Joseph V. Garis (father), Rhodes; Margaret West, Boone; Louisa J. B. Estes, Coloma; Elizabeth Welch (mother), New Sharon.

Nebraska—Original: Frederick Dustin Omaha; John White, Lincoln; George H. Cary, Lewiston. Renewal and Increase: Robert H. Hitchcock, Eustis.

ONLY FEMALE COURT REPORTER

Miss Jessie Fuller the Only One In the Country.

Yankton, April, 12.—Miss Jessie Fuller, clerk of the supreme court, is the only lady in the United States who enjoys this distinction. She was for five years court reporter in the Fourth judicial circuit. When Judge Haney, formerly of that circuit, became a member of the supreme court Miss Fuller was installed in the responsible position of stenographer of that court, and upon the resignation of Colonel Goodner was appointed clerk. She is a thorough Dakotan, having been born at Yankton, where her family resided until about a year since. Her father, Hon. S. G. Fuller, was one of the early settlers of St. Paul. He came to Dakota in 1856 and was provisional delegate in congress, while its first settlers were endeavoring to gain recognition as an independent territory, separate from Minnesota.

Miss Fuller recently spent a year traveling abroad, where she studied art and the French language. She is highly educated, an accomplished musician and has the reputation of being the most accurate and rapid court stenographer in the state. Since her appointment as clerk of the supreme court she has discharged her official duties to the entire satisfaction of the bar and court. Her office is in the state capitol building at Pierre.

Sioux Falls For Headquarters.

Pierre, April 12.—The railroad commission in its meeting Friday afternoon considered the towns of Huron and Sioux Falls as places for headquarters of the commission, decided upon Sioux Falls, and the books and records will be shipped to that city this week.

New Militia Company.

Pierre, April 12.—A militia company of forty-five members has been mustered in here, and elected as officers A. L. Fuller, captain; Samuel Logan, first lieutenant; S. G. Dewell, second lieutenant.

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Lincoln, April 8.—The senate was called to order by the lieutenant governor at 10 o'clock. After the reading of the journal advancement of bills to third reading was the order. Two of these were advanced. They were joint resolution No. 23, submitting an amendment for two additional supreme court judges, and house roll No. 33, for the granting of certificates to graduates of the state university.

The Burlington Volunteer Relief association scored a victory when Beal's bill to abolish the organization was passed to a third reading. When the roll was called it became apparent that there were not enough to pass it. Twice there was a call of the house, and two members, Schaal and Heapy, being absent, Ransom voted in its favor, but made a personal appeal to senators to raise the call, which would secure its defeat. The bill was declared not passed.

Senate file No. 358, providing for the service of summons on foreign trotting associations, was passed.

Senate file No. 358, by Graham, was defeated. It proposed to repeal the law forbidding the construction of more than three ditches over private land.

Senate file No. 353, to require the recording of assignment of mortgages, was passed. It provides that if such assignments are not recorded, and the debtor makes a payment to the party to whom the mortgage was made, it shall operate as a payment of the obligation.

Joint resolution No. 23, submitting anew the question of adding two more judges to the supreme court, was passed without objection.

Senator Feltz failed to secure the advancement of a favorite irrigation bill.

The House.

Lincoln, April 8.—The house conference committee appointed to confer with a senate committee on adjournment, reported, recommending that the date for final adjournment be fixed for Friday, April 9, at noon, and the further recommendation that no bills be passed by either house after adjournment on Thursday evening.

Sheldon moved to lay over the report until 2 o'clock today. Sheldon's motion prevailed.

The house took up bills on third reading. On the clerk's record, house roll No. 578, the bill to permit Douglas county to vote on a proposition to issue bonds in aid of the Trans-Mississippi exposition, was at the head of the list.

Clark of Lancaster, Wooster and Gaylord contended that house roll No. 385, the military code bill, should appear first and No. 578 next.

The record of the clerk was held by the speaker to be substantially correct and no changing of the order by the clerk had been made to forward bills out of order. To settle the dispute house roll No. 385 was read and passed.

House roll No. 578 was read the third time and passed without the emergency clause.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Lincoln, April 9.—The senate was called to order promptly at 10 o'clock.

The governor's private secretary delivered a message from the governor to the effect that his excellency had signed house roll No. 196, a bill to provide for the building of a dormitory for the Peru normal, and senate file No. 187, providing for a uniform system of vouchers for state funds.

House roll No. 630, the claims bill, was advanced to third reading.

A motion to advance house roll No. 241, the bill defining a legal newspaper, was carried by a vote of 23 to 4.

Senate file No. 242, the bill relating to certificates granted by normal schools, was killed.

House roll No. 625, house roll No. 73, an irrigation bill, and house roll No. 448, were advanced to third reading.

House rolls Nos. 10 and 12, amending the election law, were advanced to third reading.

House roll No. 67 was advanced to a third reading, making breaking into a chicken house burglary.

A motion to advance house roll No. 117, the state school fund, was lost by a vote of 16 to 11.

The House.

Lincoln, April 9.—The house was called to order by the speaker at 10 o'clock.

The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Yoiser asked unanimous consent to introduce resolution providing for appointment of a commission to inquire into the question of whether there has been money used by lobbyists among members of the legislature, and to hold up bills introduced by members. The motion to suspend the rules was lost.

Wheeler gave notice that he would move to reconsider the vote by which senate file No. 3, the Haller anti-insurance combine bill, was passed on Wednesday.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Lincoln, April 10.—The senate was called to order at 9 o'clock and immediately took up bills on third reading. The first bill considered was house roll No. 334, an act to provide for the instruction and transportation of students which was passed with the emergency clause.

House roll No. 25, an act to protect stock growers, received 15 negative votes and was lost.

House roll No. 61 relating to the boundaries of counties, was taken up and passed.

House roll No. 578, the bill to allow Douglas county to vote $100,000 bonds in aid of the exposition, was passed.

Then came hurried work on numerous bills. Some were saved, but a large number were cast aside before final adjournment.

The House.

Lincoln, April 10.—All bills selected by the sifting committee to pass were put through and the balance were postponed. The house then adjourned without day.

PERSONAL MENTION AT LAUREL

Those Who Have Come and Gone From the Busy Nebraska Burg.

Laurel, Neb., April 10.—Mrs. McQuaid, who has been at Sioux City purchasing millinery goods, returned Friday.

Rev. and Mrs. Broth were down from Belden Friday.

Frank Mills, who has been spending his vacation here with his folks, left Tuesday for Lincoln to resume his studies at that place.

Miss Geraldine Ankeny, daughter of our state representative, is quite ill.

Judge Norris of Ponca interested a large number of citizens Monday evening in his lecture on "Perfect Manhood."

Hon. H. T. Ankeny, although not fully recovered from his recent illness, left for Lincoln last Monday to be present at the session of the legislature.

Joe O'Gara returned last Saturday from Vermillion, where he has been attending school, to relieve his brother Frank from his duties as teacher for a few days, as the latter is ill.

Mrs. George Bullen left Thursday for Wakefield to visit her daughter Mrs. Charles Simpson.

PLUNGES SWORD IN HIS BREAST

Weapon Goes in Eight Inches, but the Man May Recover From His Wound.

David City, Neb., April 9.—W. G. Boston, an old citizen of the town, attempted suicide yesterday afternoon by plunging a sword into his body just below the breast bone to the depth of eight inches. He has just returned from Oklahoma, where he has been for the past year. is a prominent Mason and Knight of Pythias and used his uniform rank sword in the commission of the deed. He has previously had attacks of insanity in a mild form and spent some time at the asylum at Lincoln a few years ago. This is the first attempt or indication of any desire for self destruction. Hopes are entertained of his recovery.

A BITTER CONTEST HAPPILY SETTLED

Battle of the Ballots in Nebraska Definitely Decided by the Late Recount.

FOR ONCE ALL ARE AGREED

Governor Holcomb Now Satisfied That Whatever May Have Been the Intention There Was No Fraud.

Lincoln, Neb., April 12.—One of the most extraordinary legal battles in Nebraska has just been closed in the recount of the ballots cast for the constitutional amendment relating to an increase in the number of judges in the supreme court and the legislative commission finds that the amendment failed to receive a sufficient number of votes to make it a part of the constitution of the state.

The legislative commission found, according to its recount, that the amendment had received 97,644 affirmative votes, or an increase of 13,065 over the number of votes returned to the state canvassing board last November. The commission finds that 37,029 votes were cast against the amendment, or 86 votes less than returned last November. The total vote of the state as returned by the commission was 230,361, as against 230,795 as discovered by the state canvassing board last fall. The fusion majority in the legislature has held from the first that the amendment required by a majority of the votes cast for senators and representatives. The commission finds that the total vote cast for senators was 201,375 and for representatives, 203,552. The amendment was lost any way it might be figured, except one. If based upon the total number of votes cast the amendment lacked 17,537. Based upon the total vote for senators it lacked 3,044. Based upon the total vote for representatives it lacked 4,123. Based on an average of the total vote for both senators and representatives the amendment still lacked 3,587 votes. The only basis upon which the amendment could possibly have carried was upon the total number of votes cast upon the proposition itself. This basis is unanimously rejected by all parties.

The defeat of the amendment was formally declared by both houses sitting in joint convention. As soon as the preliminary reports of the recount commission was read both houses appointed a committee to confer in regard to a joint convention. The senate was represented by Talbot of Lancaster, Ransom of Douglas, and Watson of Saline. The house committee consisted of Dobson of Fillmore, Roddy of Otoe and Kapp of Knox. The joint committee fixed the hour at 4 o'clock Monday. At ten minutes after 4 o'clock the senators appeared at the representatives' hall, headed by the sergeant at arms and Senator Ransom. The senators occupied the seats placed for them in the isles. The joint session was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Harris, and the rolls of the senate and house were called. There were thirty-two senators and eighty-six members of the house present. The presiding officer stated that the object of the joint session was to listen to the canvassing of the total vote on the amendments as found by the recount commission. Representative Loomis of Butler county, a member of the commission, then handed to the clerk of the house the report to be read. The reading was listened to attentively by a crowded hall and a packed gallery. The report was as follows:

"Lincoln, April 6.—To the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: We, the joint committee appointed by the senate and house of representatives of the state of Nebraska, under the authority of an act to provide for the recount of the ballots cast on November 3, 1896, on the constitutional amendment relating to judges of the supreme court and approved March 5, 1897, have completed the work assigned us, and herewith submit our findings: Total vote for senators, 201,375; for representatives, 203,552; for the amendment 97,644, against, 37,029; total vote cast, 230,361.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

Frank F. Loomis,
T. P. Sykes,
J. S. Canaday,
H. Gerdes,
M. C. Fernow,
Richard Dobson,
J. W. Heapy.

When the first total was read, showing the number of votes cast for senators, it was found that the committee had made an error of 100,000. The correction was ordered made. The report of the committee was adopted by unanimous vote.

Senator Conaway of York asked that the vote of York county be read, which was done. Senator Talbot of Lancaster moved that the joint session declare the amendment not carried.

Mr. Hull of Harlan rose to a point of order that this was not in the province of the joint session. It had convened to listen to the report. Senator Ransom of Douglas said it was clearly the object of the joint session to listen to the report of the committee and declare the result. He therefore offered the following substitute for the motion, which was accepted by Senator Talbot:

"Resolved, by this joint committee, That the proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the number of judges of the supreme court and fixing their terms of office, submitted at the last general election, was not adopted by the electors at said election."

The resolution was adopted by unanimous vote.

Senator Ransom then moved that the members of the recount commission be tendered a vote of thanks for their faithful and hard work in canvassing the votes. The motion was adopted by a rising vote, every republican voting with the populists. The joint session then adjourned.

Fatal Explosion.

Buenos Ayres, April 9.—A cart load of fireworks exploded near a block of buildings adjacent to the Bourse buildings which took fire, and the whole block was destroyed. Ten persons lost their lives from the explosion or during the conflagration.

EVANS IS AGAINST THE PLAN

Commissioner of Pensions Opposes the Consolidation of Pension Agencies.

Omaha, April 12.—A Washington special to the Bee says: H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, talking of the recent order of President Cleveland, consolidating certain pension agencies at St. Louis, said that in all probability the order would be rescinded; that he had occasion to look up the subject on the suggestion of President McKinley, and that he found it would cost $250,000 to remove the offices, instead of saving $160,000, as the order consolidating these offices stated. Commissioner Evans further said that all pension boards where the compensation is less than $900, are in the classified service, which would place all boards in Nebraska, except Lincoln and Omaha, outside of the classified service. These boards may also be reorganized, as Commissioner Evans believes the recent decision of the supreme court on the appointment of examining surgeons may have a direct bearing on the boards included in the civil service.

At least the commissioner holds that the decision affects all pension boards, but before he moves in the matter he will secure an opinion from the attorney general as to the extent of the decision referred to.

Senator Thurston speaks tonight to the toast, "President of the United States," at the banquet of the union army veterans of Maryland held in Baltimore.

Indorsements for postmasters at Scotia and Cedar Bluffs have gone to the department. In all probability H. S. Sprecher will be appointed at the former place and John Yung at Cedar Bluffs.

On Tuesday of next week Senator Thurston will finish his speech on the Union Pacific liens, commenced during the last session. He gave notice to this effect Thursday.

E. F. Sperry of Knoxville, Ia., is slated for the position of pension agent at Des Moines.

IT IS NOT FOR MEIKLEJOHN

Cannot Be Assistant Secretary of State as He Has Never Been a Soldier.

Omaha, April 12.—A Washington special to the Bee says: There now seems to be little hope of the position of assistant secretary of war going to Nebraska. Much pressure has been brought to bear on the president in favor of ex-Congressman Meiklejohn, but Mr. McKinley is persistent that the place must be filled by a soldier, which precludes the possibility of the ex-member from the Third district in Nebraska coming under the wire. Major T. S. Clarkson has also been strongly urged for the place, but the president has intimated to Senator Thurston that as two declinations came from Nebraska he would have to try elsewhere for the man who would fit the place and answer all requirements. There is every reason to believe that Senator Thurston will secure the equivalent in patronage, possibly in a ministership or in two or more consulates.

Ex-Congressman Andrews is to be taken care of in the treasury department and will in all probability be appointed as one of the auditors in charge of the interior department affairs.

An inspector has been ordered to South Omaha to investigate the charges of Postmaster McMillan, filed with the department, against the Weekly Market Reporter. Allegations are that the paper is merely an advertising sheet gotten out in the interest of a commission house in that packing center. Should the inspector find the charges true the order of the department requiring 1 cent postage on all papers mailed will stand. A report is expected within a fortnight.

Senator Allen has introduced pension bills for the relief of Almon Stuart, Samuel McConaughey and William Henry Johnson.

Senator Thurston contributed to the matter now before the finance committee of the senate by presenting a communication from Oscar Babcock of North Loup, Neb., relative to the protective tariff on potatoes; from Prof. S. M. Hill of Wahoo, asking that books be placed on the free list; from M. C. Harrington of North Platte, regarding the tariff on Canadian hay; from the Cudahy Packing company, against the imposition of duty on gum chickle, used in the manufacture of chewing gum.

Messrs. Webster and Smyth left for New York today. The former will stop in that city a few days on his way to Nebraska. Mr. Smyth will return to Washington next week to attend the banquet of the democratic clubs on the 13th, when Mr. Bryan will deliver the principal address on "Thomas Jefferson." Mr. Smyth, before leaving the city, said he proposed to send both Eugene Moore and J. S. Bartley to the penitentiary and that he would take occasion to examine into the sale of Bartley's warrant for $210,000 while in New York.

WILL SACRIFICE A FINGER

A Young Lady Who Proposes to Sell a Part of a Finger for $1,000.

New York, April 12.—Mrs. C. V. Barton of No. 71 St. Emanuel street, Houston, Tex., recently caused an advertisement to be inserted in a local paper in which she offered to pay liberally any lady who would consent to lose a middle finger at the middle joint in a case of necrosis or bone grafting operation. In response to the advertisement Miss Grace Dinsmore of Binghamton, N. Y., is at the Grand Union hotel in this city and will, it is said, part with the required part of a finger tomorrow. For this sacrifice she asks $1,000. In an interview last night she said that she was an orphan and that she needed money to complete a musical course in order to be able to support herself.

Prisoners Released.

Washington, April 10.—Information was received at the state department that two American citizens, Jose Dqzamiva and Jose Gonzales, under arrest in Cuba, have been released.

Weekly Bank Statement.

New York, April 10.—Reserve decrease, $1,497,000; banks now hold $46,170,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

EARNESTLY DISCUSSED THE BALLOTS FROM YORK

Exciting and Angry Debate Over Alleged Tampering With the Vote.

Claimed That If the Ballots Had Been Meddled With It Was After They Had Left His County.

Lincoln, Neb., April 10.—After an exciting and at times an angry debate lasting during the greater part of two days, the senate refused to appoint a committee to investigate the charges that the amendment ballots from York county had been tampered with while in the possession of the recount commission originally appointed by Governor Holcomb. The resolution was prepared and dictated by Lieutenant Governor Harris, and at his request introduced by Mr. Mutz of Keya Paha. It was vigorously supported by the introducer and by Senators Conaway of York and Murphy of Gage. Mr. Ransom of Douglas opposed it in two elaborate speeches. The resolution as originally drawn by Lieutenant Governor Harris and introduced by the senator from Keya Paha was as follows:

"Whereas, By an act of the legislature the ballots cast on November 3, 1896, for an amendment to the constitution of the state of Nebraska relating to an increase of the number of judges of the supreme court, were recanvassed by a joint committee of the legislature; and,

"Whereas, Fraud is alleged to have been committed by tampering with the ballots of York county either before they were sent to the state capital or since; and

"Whereas, The recount of the ballots was ordered by the legislature for the purpose of ascertaining truthfully the expressed will of the sovereign people of Nebraska on November 3, relating to said amendments, and

"Whereas, We most unhesitatingly denounce fraud and corruption and most earnestly desire to know the whole truth relating to said charges; and

"Whereas, We have the most implicit confidence in the honesty and integrity of every member of the recount commission and the manner of guarding and keeping said ballots since coming into the possession of the secretary of state, and believe that if any fraud has been committed it has been done without their knowledge, fault or consent; therefore be it

"Resolved by the senate of the state of Nebraska, That a committee of three be appointed by the lieutenant governor to act with a like committee of the house, with instruction and full power to make a full investigation of said alleged fraud or any fraud connected with the recount of said ballots or keeping of the same, with full power to send for persons and papers and to take testimony and to report their findings to this body at their earliest convenience; and

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this body that said investigation shall be conducted in a thorough and non-partisan manner, without fear or favor, to the end if there is guilt the guilty party may be brought to speedy justice."

Objection was made to the present consideration of the resolution, but on motion of Mr. Mutz the rules were suspended and the resolution was laid before the senate for immediate consideration. Mr. Murphy offered the following amendment:

"And provided that said committee so appointed under this resolution shall not be entitled to the reward of $3,000 offered for the apprehension and conviction of the perpetrators of the alleged fraud on these ballots of such investigation reveals such frauds."

Mr. Conway made an eloquent, as well as a most vigorous, plea for the adoption of the resolution. He declared that never in the history of York county were his people so thoroughly stirred with indignation as over the discovery that a grave crime against the ballot and against the constitution had been laid at their doors. He defended every county official and every county judge and clerk of election in York county, and declared that every republican, democrat and populist judge and clerk was well known and had the respect and confidence of all the people in that county. He declared that the York county ballots had been tampered with, but not before they left York county. He did not wish to reflect upon any member of the recount commission. He hated to think that any man should sink so low as to deliberately commit a crime against the ballot the bulwark of American freedom but since a fraud had been perpetrated he wanted the resolution adopted and by a unanimous vote. He also offered an amendment as follows:

"That the investigation shall extend to any or all other counties where fraud is suspected, as it is in York county, and that the same suspected counties shall be compared with York county's ballots and to see if the same evidence of fraud is found therein as was found in York county."

Mr. Murphy spoke earnestly in favor of the original resolution with the amendments offered by himself and the senator from York. He reviewed the history of the attempt to recount the votes cast for the constitutional amendment, showing that the ballots had been handed back and forth from one legislative committee to another.

Mr. Ransom opposed the resolution. He declared that if there had been a fraud committed against the ballot the criminal court should be the agency to bring the culprits to justice. He denied that any crime had been committed against the ballots of York county as far as the senate had any official knowledge. He characterized the resolution as a piece of buncombe.

The lieutenant governor ruled the amendment offered by the senator from York out of order for the reason that the committee would have no power to examine the ballots of York or any other county. The only authority given the committee proposed by the original resolution would be to investigate the manner in which the ballots had been handled and cared for during the time they were in the state house.

Mr. Ransom then moved that the resolution be laid on the table and the motion was agreed to by a vote of 18 to 9.

FIGHTING NATIVES IN SOUTHERN AFRICA

Merchand and His Men Shoot Down the Surprised Natives Giving No Quarter.

CLAY BALLS AND OLD MUSKETS

No Match for the Modern Guns Carried by the French--Expeditions Are Intended to Conquer the Arabs.

Brazzaville, Africa, Jan. 31. (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—I have been waiting many days for some authentic news about Merchand's expedition. The leaders were at Brazzaville when I arrived on the coast, but the road between Manyanga and Brazzaville, a distance of about seventy-five miles, was closed on account of petty wars among the natives, and Merchand's men could not get their 3,000 loads up to Brazzaville to proceed on the journey up the Mobangie toward the equator. As a last resort Merchand burned every village on the Manyanga road, killing a few hundred natives and taking their livestock for food.

In coming up the coast we learned that forty natives had stopped two white men and their carriers at the crossing of the Quello river. We were in no mood to be stopped, as our food supply was nearly exhausted, we having been delayed on the road by severe rains, which had overflowed the rivers and creeks, so when natives stopped us we loaded our rifles before them, advanced threateningly and told them that the first one who interfered would be shot. We passed through the blockade with the carriers and supplies without any difficulty.

Upon arriving at Brazzaville we found Merchand making preparations to go to the relief of the men at the Quello river crossing. This was the pretext of declaring war against the natives. The details of the battle were received from one of the soldiers who returned here.

Chief's Head Chopped Off.

The first real skirmish was with a chief named Mobyalla, who, or some of his tribe, killed a French soldier about a year ago. Merchand's men marched on the village. The chief showed resistance, but his flintlocks were not equal to the modern rifles. He was killed and his head cut off and brought to Brazzaville. The natives say over 100 men were killed, but in this village Merchand's soldiers assert that the number was not more than twenty-five or thirty.

After the battle the village was burned. Continuing their march, the villagers along the Manyanga road were surrounded at night, and, as daylight appeared, the natives were awakened by the blast of a trumpet, and as they came out of their huts were shot down on all sides. Village after village was destroyed in this manner, no quarter being given.

The natives used clay balls in their old muskets, having burned them dry so about the consistency of brick. In shooting they do not put the gun to the shoulder or look along the sight, but point at the object as one would with a stick and then fire. Several of Merchand's men were struck by these clay balls, but were not wounded seriously.

The expedition consists of fourteen white officers and 162 black soldiers from the western Soudan, called Senegalese, but are by right Soudanese.

They arrived at Lango on the coast, July 24, 1896. Merchand and some of the white officers came direct to Brazzaville, but the main body did not succeed in getting here until January 12.

In Stanley's Tracks.

Preparations are now making to continue the march up the Mobangie river.

Captain Dhanis has charge of a force which is marching to the equatorial lakes and the source of the Nile on Henry M. Stanley's old trail.

Captain Dhanis is the man who had charge of the expedition of the Congo state that cleared the Arabs out of the Upper Congo, back of Stanley Falls station. He it was who killed Seffo, Tippo Tib's son, and captured Rashid, Tippo Tib's nephew and governor of Stanley Falls. Rashid is now a prisoner on the Kassai river, 1,000 miles away, is closely watched and has no hopes of escape.

Another expedition under the leadership of M. Gentile, which started out from here some time ago, is blockaded in one of the small rivers which empties into the Mobangie, where it turns south toward the Congo.

The latest word from him is that his position is short of provisions and his position critical.

The object of the Merchand expedition is to march to the headwaters of the Mobangie, cross over to the headwaters of the Nile and attack the dervishes or Arabs, while Captain Dhanis will attack them from another point. The expeditions, while endeavoring to conquer the Arabs, will also look after the French interest in this section and checkmate the English in attempts to occupy the territory. If the plan is successful it will connect the French congo with the Lake Tchad.

A BIG CAVE IS DISCOVERED

A Subterranean Chamber Gorgeous in Splendor Found in Northern Ohio.

Castalia, O., April 13.—The discovery of a vast subterranean passageway here has caused many visitors to inspect the new cave the past few days. The cave is situated at the source of Castalia creek and extends underneath the town. The entrance is as yet made with difficulty, but the splendor of the interior is marvelous when shown by the illumination of torches. The state geologists will inspect the cave this week, after which the opening will be enlarged. It is believed the cave is connected with Perry's cave at Put-in-Bay and also with Flat Rock cave, which would make it extend over an area greater than that of Mammoth cave.

The relative values are such now in Weston, Mo., that the traders swap halters and throw in the horses to which they happen to be attached.

COLLISION ON SOUTHERN ROAD

Three Persons Killed and Several are Expected to Die From Injuries.

Charlotte, N. C., April 12.—The northbound Florida special on the Southern railway, No. 36, and a local southbound passenger train, No. 11, collided at 11:15 o'clock yesterday morning at Harrisburg, a small town about thirteen miles north of this city, killing three persons and wounding six. The killed are:

T. Kingman Benton of Charlotte, used 35, postal clerk on No. 11.

Titus Eudy, of Forest Hill, Concord.

Will Donaldson, fireman on No. 36.

The wounded:

W. B. Tunstall of Danville, engineer of No. 36, badly scalded about the head, arms and face.

J. C. Kinney of Thomasville, engineer of No. 11, scalded about chest, back, arms and neck; will die.

James Lovell, conductor No. 11, cut on the face.

Fitzhugh Lee, colored porter on No. 11, legs hurt.

William S. Clemens of East Durham, N. C., slightly hurt.

R. E. Gallagher, express messenger, hurt about the head and arms, also badly bruised.

Postal Clerk Bennon suffered a horrible death. His legs were pinioned so close to the boiler of one of the engines that he was being burned by the heat and steam. He begged piteously to his rescuers to cut off his legs and extricate him, but although every effort was made to release the suffering man, it was an hour and a half before he was taken out. He lived but fifteen minutes longer.

Fireman Donaldson and Titus Eudy were found in the center of the wreck. Kinney was taken from the wreck alive, but is so badly scalded that he is not expected to live throughout the night. The wounded are being cared for in this city.

HE SNUBS OUR AMBASSADOR

Mr. Uhl Our Representative at Berlin Gets Into Kingly Disfavor.

New York, April 13.—Frank Dewey, a well known German journalist, who has just arrived from Berlin, tells an interesting story apropos of the strained relations between Emperor William and the American embassy.

"At a recent ambassadorial dinner given by the emperor," said Mr. Dewey, "Mr. Uhl, the American ambassador was present. At these dinners it is customary for the emperor to sit at the head of the table. Nobody speaks until the emperor opens conversation. All the guests are supposed to keep their eyes on the emperor merely as a form of respect. During this time Mr. Uhl, who sat with Count Lanza, the Italian ambassador, kept up a running conversation. This was overlooked by the emperor, however.

"Subsequently at the annual subscription ball at the Royal opera house the emperor, after making a few rounds on the floor, entered the box where the foreign diplomats were seated, and where Mr. Uhl was. The emperor chatted with everybody in the box except the American ambassador, ignoring him entirely. This was noted by the other diplomats present. It got into the German papers, and has been a subject of discussion ever since."

HUSBAND CUT OFF WITH A CENT

Pennsylvania Woman Bequeats Her Spouse One Penny, to Be Paid Five Years Hence.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 13.—A curious will was filed with the register of wills. It bore the signature of Mrs. Anna Miller. Among its provisions was one bequeathing 1 cent to her husband, John Miller, to be paid him five years after her death.

All the rest of her estate including her policy in a life insurance company, is left to Mary Morrell, who, Mrs. Miller said was very kind to her in her last illness.

Mrs. Miller was quite well to do. She claimed her husband lived for himself, did not help her in any way to accumulate any wealth, and that therefore he was not entitled to participate in the distribution of her property. The husband will not contest the will.

A BIG AVALANCHE IN OHIO

An Entire Hill Slips Near East Liverpool and Threatens Houses and Railway Tracks.

East Liverpool, O., April 13.—An avalanche has started near this place. An entire hill is moving, and at Three Points, near here, the street railway system is blocked.

Two big dwellings near Wellsville are doomed, and the Pennsylvania tracks were moved by the pressure of the hill.

The undermining of the hill for the Wellsville road has left no protection, and the entire face of the hill is slipping from summit to base, including a small forest and tons of rock.

The Wellsville road has dropped from sight in two places, and the expected avalanche will bury the Pennsylvania tracks and the car line and will endanger the big Walker sewer pipe works.

GHASTLY FIND IN ILLINOIS

Some Evidence Pointing to Another Case Similar to Pearl Bryan's.

Mount Vernon, Ill., April 12.—Boys passing throdugh some woodland five miles northwest of this city yesterday found a woman's head lying near the public road leading from Mount Vernon to Bishview. They reported their discovery, and a party was organized for a search for the body. It was found 200 yards from the spot where the head lay, with the flesh stripped from the bones, both the trunk and head being so badly decomposed as to render recognition impossible.

The testimony at the inquest went to prove that the body was that of a woman who was in that locality early last November. She refused to divulge her name, but said her home was in Carmi, Ill. and that she was going to St. Louis. The theory is that another Pearl Bryan murder has been committed. It is said a suspected party left the country about the date of the woman's disappearance.

CHANDLER'S MEASURE AIMED AT MONOPOLY

Wants the Carnegie and Bethlehem Plants Seized by the Government.

BOUND TO BEAT THE COMBINE

Three Battleships Are Lying in the Stocks Now Waiting for the Armor Plating That Doesn't Come.

Washington, April 13.—The threat of the Carnegie Steel company to close its plant next June unless the government changes its attitude on armor plate has no terror for the senate. Today Senator Chandler of New Hampshire, who was secretary of the navy under President Arthur, will introduce a bill providing that the government shall immediately take possession of the Carnegie and Bethlehem steel plants, run them until enough armor plate is supplied for the battleships now under construction (the Illinois, Alabama and Wisconsin) and then turn them back to their owners.

The steel companies can go into the court of claims for their damages.

Speaking upon this proposition, Senator Chandler said Saturday:

"The Carnegie and Bethlehem Steel companies have formed a big monopoly to control the manufacture and sale of armor plate. The former has put in eight or ten million dollars and the latter about fifteen millions, and they have acted most arrogantly and foolishly.

"The right of the government to take these works by compensating owners is constitutional and perfectly clear. The Carnegie and Bethlehem companies stand off and defy the government, and demand their price for armor. We can't have three battleships standing without armor, and be arrogantly told by these people that we can't have their armor; so the best thing for us to do is to make our own armor."

Senator Chandler and other leaders on naval matters, both republican and democratic, are determined to teach the armor plate "infant" a lesson. The Carnegie and Bethlehem plants, which a few years ago were begging the government aid, now refuse to make armor plate for $300 a ton, although it can be made at a profit for $200 a ton. They would like to sell their obsolete plants to the government at first cost, although plants on the latest lines, capable of producing plates at greatly reduced cost, can be erected for two-thirds the expense.

Ten years ago the same men undertook to furnish the government armor plate at the rate of $575 a ton, with the understanding that as they became familiar with the work the price would be gradually reduced. They maintained this exorbitant figure until two years ago, when the combine received a hint of some kind and reduced the price to $525.

This was an insignificant reduction, and in the senate investigation the companies were forced to admit that the combine could make armor plate at lower rates than were charged. They offered to take all the contracts of the government at $400 a ton. But they were too late, and congress decided that the price should not exceed $300 a ton.

The government recognizes the fact that it is placed in the awkward fix it is now in through the carelessness, or something worse, of its own experts and trusted employes, and must stand the brunt of this. Long of the navy sent to congress Saturday a message asking that he be given the power to run this price up to $400, if necessary, in order that the ships under construction might be finished. He explains that the charges of keeping the ships in the stocks will be more than the advanced price in the armor plate would amount to.

The combine has its plans already laid to further embarrass the government. It raised $1,000,000 for the Hanna fund during the last campaign. Now it is stated that J. G. F. Leishman, ex-president of the Carnegie company, is to be made minister to Switzerland. It is the smallest ministerial position in Europe and is not one which a man of Leishman's wealth and ambition would naturally be supposed to want.

But this is the one position the combine people want, and they would not listen to a proposition for Lieshman to change places with General Horace Porter. Leishman is to be the agent for the armor plate combine in Europe and he will have time to run over to any court on the continent and take an order for armor plate, or to make deals with the half dozen armor plate concerns in Europe, whereby a world-wide trust would be established.

SCHUYLER TAILOR IS MISSING

Leaves a Note for His Wife That He Is in Debt and Will Kill Himself.

Schuyler, Neb., April 12.—John Calek, a Bohemian tailor, disappeared, from his home last Friday night. He has not been heard from since and it is feared he has committed suicide. He was reading at home at 10 o'clock and later his wife awoke, found him gone, searched and did not find him. She waited until morning and got breakfast ready, filled with anxiety and fear. She had no clew until a letter was received from the postoffice that had been deposited during the night. Mrs. Calek telegraphed to her brother-in-law at Howells to come at once, but the matter was not reported to the police until Mr. Popelar came from Howells at 7 o'clock Saturday evening. The note read:

"My Dear Wife: I am in too much trouble. Do not see how I can live. You will find my body at the bottom of the river by the B. and M. railroad bridge. I am so much in debt that I see no help but to commit suicide."

It was too late to search at the river that evening, but search was begun Sunday morning, as people who walked across the bridge from Edholm late in the afternoon found placed between the ties a hat in which was a letter addressed to Tom Molacek, a hardware dealer here. Not knowing about Calek, they left it and other persons crossing later failed to find it. A searching party has been orpganized for an early search today.

CONTROLS THE OIL BUSINESS.

Standard Company Said to Have Practically Completed a Gigantic Pool.

New York, April 12.—It is reported that a gigantic consolidation of the oil interests of the world has been practically brought about by the Standard Oil people. After prolonged negotiations with the Russian magnates, Nobel Bros., who control the Black sea output of oil, the Standard Oil company, it is said, induced the Russians to become a factor in a three cornered plan to divide the world's supply. The Standard Oil company and Cudahy Bros. of the west, who are the Standard Oil company's greatest rivals, completed the membership in the proposed triangular deal. Nobel Bros. consented to "come in" if Cudahy Bros. could be induced to join. With this understanding the Standard Oil company made overtures to their western rival, with the result still in doubt.

Cudahy Bros. recently acquired ownership of the Manhattan Oil company, which was controlled by E. C. Benedict, Roswell P. Flower, J. A. Billings and others, and made the western concern practically independent of its eastern competitor. It is understood also that Cudahy Bros. have withheld their answer pending action on the part of the United States Pipe Line company, the producers' association of the state of Pennsylvania, which was not invited into the deal.

It has always been supposed that over 90 per cent of the stock of the Standard Oil company was held by the inside interests of the company. During the past several days, however, considerable stock has been offered in blocks of from ten to twenty-five shares each. The offering is accompanied by all sorts of rumors in connection with the affairs of the company and the future of the stock.

LINCOLN'S POSTAL EMPLOYE

Owen Evans of Pittsburg Got His Commission From the Martyr President in 1861.

Pittsburg, April 12.—Thirty-six years ago Thursday, April 8, 1861, President Lincoln signed the first commission for a postoffice employe of his term. The man who had the honor of being the first appointee of the martyred president was Owen Evans of Pittsburg.

Mr. Evans is still employed in the Pittsburg postoffice and had forgotten all about the day being the anniversary of his appointment until it was called to his attention.

When the "penny post" system was put into effect Mr. Evans was the first carrier to be put on. For four and a half years he covered the entire city. For every letter he delivered he collected 1 cent and became known as "Penny Postman Owen Evans," a name which still clings to him. There are now over 150 carriers employed, and "Penny Postman Owen" is distributing mail in the office.

PROVIDES FOR THE UNIVERSITY

Mrs. Stanford Takes Out a Policy For One Million In Favor of the Big School.

San Francisco, April 12.—Mrs. Leland Stanford yesterday signed the contract by which her life is now insured for $1,000,000. The policy is said to be the largest ever issued, and was written by a company of New York. By the terms of the contract Mrs. Stanford is to pay an annual premium of $17,000 and, upon her death $1,000,000 will be paid by the company to the Leland Stanford, jr., university. Should she live ten years and continue her annual payment of premiums the university will receive at her death $2,000,000 instead of $1,000,000.

THE MARKETS.

Sioux City Live Stock.

Sioux City, April 10.—Sioux City Stock Yards—Hogs—Quotations: Heavy, $3.80@3.85; mixed and light, $3.75@3.85.

Cattle—Quotations: Cows and heifers, $1.75@3.50; veals, $3.75@5.00; oxen, $2.00@3.25; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.50; yearlings and calves, $3.50@4.50; butcher steers, $3.00@4.75.

South Omaha.

South Omaha, April 10.—Hogs—Receipts, 9,500; official yesterday, 2,610; shipments, none. Market 5c higher. Quotations: Heavy, $3.85@3.90; mixed and light, $3.85@3.95.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,500; official yesterday, 2,417; shipments, 943. Market firm.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; official yesterday, 2,414; shipments, 112. Market steady.

Chicago.

Chicago, April 10.—8:30 a. m.—Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; left over, 2,000. Market strong to about 5c higher. Quotations: Heavy, $3.95@4.15; mixed, $3.95@4.12½; light, $3.90@4.10; rough heavy, $3.75@3.90.

Cattle—Receipts, 200. Market steady.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000. Market steady.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,700. Market strong to 10c higher; active. Quotations: Texas steers, $3.00@3.35; natives, $3.00@5.10.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000. Market fully 5c higher; active. Quotations: Heavies, $3.70@3.92½; packers, $3.65@3.85; lights, $3.50@3.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,000. Market strong. Quotations: Lambs, $3.75@5.25; muttons, $3.40@3.65.

Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, April 10.—Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Quiet.

Wheat—No. 2 spring, 64½@65¾c; No. 2 red, 80⅞@83⅞c.

Corn—No. 2, 22⅞@23c; No. 2 yellow, 22⅞@23c.

Oats—No. 2, 16c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 20½@20c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 17½@20½c.

Rye—No. 2, 50c.

Barley—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, f. o. b., 27@34c; No. 4, f. o. b., 25@26c.

Flax Seed—Prime, $2.62½@2.65.

Provisions—Mess pork, $8.15@8.20; lard, $4.10@4.12½; short rib sides, $4.40@4.65; dry salted shoulders, $5.12½@5.50; short clear sides, $4.62½@4.75.

Whisky—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1.13.

Sugar—Cut loaf, $5.64; granulated, $5.01.

Butter—Firm. Dairy, 9@16c; creamery, 14@18c.

Eggs—Firm. Fresh, 8¾c.

Cheese—Firm at 10½@10¾c.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 10.—Closing prices, wheat in store:

No. 1 hard, April, 68c.

No. 1 northern, April, 66c.

May, 64½c.

No. 2 northern, April, 65½c.

The following were the prices for wheat on track:

No. 1 hard, 68c.

No. 1 northern, 66c.

No. 2 northern, 64½c.

Flax—69½c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 18c.

DRIFTING INTO WAR NOW WITH TRANSVAAL

Preparations Being Perfected to This End--What Truth Says on the Subject.

A MONTE CARLO FOR BELGIUM

Wayne Macveigh Interviewed on American Politics--A Conspiracy to Blackmail Is Duly Uncovered.

London, April 12.—(Copyrighter, 1897, by the Associated Press.)—There are indications that the British preparations against the Transvaal multiply in many directions. It was semi-officially reported during the week that two more regiments have been notified to prepare for service in South Africa, and negotiations are pending with Scotch ship owners for four transports to be ready at the end of June.

Though President Krueger has court-martialed his grandson, Lieutenant Eloff, for using insulting language towards Queen Victoria, the most bitter comments can be heard in the clubs and among the better classes of people here against Krueger, who, it is claimed, has done as much as Lieutenant Eloff to insult the queen. The liberals are evidently beginning to scent the coming of the bills and are raising up a warning finger. The Truth on this subject says:

"There is serious danger that we shall drift into war with the Transvaal. Lord Salisbury's government is apparently bent upon forcing a quarrel upon President Krueger. Every occasion is taken to insult him, and everything he does is misrepresented. If the outcome is not war, this is only because the wiser men in the ministry have at length realized that war with the Transvaal does not mean a contest with a puny African tribe, but a race war in which a majority of the whites at the Cape and all the Boers will be against us."

King Leopold's Visit.

The recent visit of King Leopold of Belgium to London had for its object, it now appears, to conclude a contract, by the terms of which a syndicate rents for a number of years the Dings, a splendid chateau in Ardennes, for use as a gambling club. The grounds and park are exquisitely attractive and the plans are to build a large hotel adjoining the chateau. The promoters seriously believe that the place will rival Monte Carlo. No one apparently protests against the extension of gambling dens in Belgium, which are becoming unsavory. At such places the gambling, however, is running high now over an exhibition lottery, in which, on Thursday last, a journeyman mason of Charleroi won 100,000 franks, $20,000. Each chief prize has so far fallen to a laborer and the result is that the working classes are universally investing their savings of years in the lotteries.

Machine for Manufacturing Lace

Dispatches from Vienna describe a new machine for the manufacture of lace, which turns out an article not distinguishable from hand work. Hitherto lace machines have only produced meshes in perfect squares, giving a stiff appearance. This is now abolished, and it is expected that the machine, which is the invention of an Austrian named August Mattitzch, will have the effect of transferring the lace industry to new centers.

Wayne Macveigh Interviewed

Hon. Wayne Macveigh, the returning United States ambassador to Italy, sails for New York, April 10. When asked what he thought of the new United States cabinet, Mr. Macveigh promptly said: I think the country is to be heartily congratulated upon its members. The same is true of the diplomatic appointments. The gentlemen selected are, I believe, in every instance admirable fitted for the posts assigned them." As to his views of the extra session of congress and proposed new tariff, Macveigh replied: "I think President McKinley did exactly right in calling an extra session. I do not, myself, believe the protective system is any longer needed in the United States; but, I recognize that the recent election entitles the republican party to pass a bill satisfactory to the advocates of high duties and therefore the sooner it is passed the better. Uncertainty as to what the duties are to be is worse even than high duties, and if the new tariff takes effect at once, the country will have three years in which to test it by its fruits before the next presidential election."

Possibilities of the Bicycle.

The authorities of the royal military tournament have accepted the offer of the cyclist corps of the Twenty-sixth Middlesex Volunteers to furnish a team of men to give displays at the forthcoming tournament in June, illustrating the possibilities of the cycle from a military point of view. The performance will consist of riding over and surmounting obstacles, firing both from the tree and saddle and carrying wounded men.

Conspiracy to Blackmail.

The authorities have finally untangled a large conspiracy to blackmail men in high social positions in the west end of London which has been successful for years past, owing to the fact that victims were unwilling to prosecute. In fact rumor goes so far as to state that the blackmailers have not stopped at murder and have committed many of the recent assaults in the streets at night, which have been so frequent as to draw the attention of parliament. An alleged member of the gang was committed for trial yesterday at the Old Bailey, and sensational developments are expected.

Diamond Jubilee.

Although the program for the diamond jubilee festivities is practically drawn up, with the supposition that the details will be carried out, the Associated Press learns on high authority that everything is contingent upon the state of the queen's health, and she will act entirely upon the advice of her physicians. If her majesty is not very well she will remain at Buckingham palace and if she takes part in the procession and shows signs of fatigue she will at once leave it and abandon the plan of visiting at St. Paul's cathedral.

DAMAGING SOUTHERN TWISTER

Alabama Feels the Force of a Relentless Gale--Some Lives Sacrificed.

Atlanta, Ga., April 12.—Telegrams from Ozark, Ala., and Valdosta, Ga., crossing the ill fated town of Arlington, Ga., show that this section was visited yesterday by another tornado ascending the Apallachicola valley and sweeping northward with terrific force to the confluence of the Chattahoochie and the Flint rivers, where it divided, in one direction going toward Ozark, where timbers were uprooted and houses blown to pieces. Several lives were lost among them Mrs. Powers, who was caught beneath the falling timbers of her house and crushed. Her husband was unable to save her and was himself badly hurt, but he rushed off through the blinding rain and intense darkness for assistance. The rest of the family were rescued, among them a baby three weeks old, whom the mother protected at the loss of her own life.

The second section of the tornado was deflected upon the Flint valley, breaking across South Georgia and passing through Arlington, where but a few weeks ago nine children were killed in the ruins of their school house. Reaching Valdosta, the storm became intensified in fury and trees were blown down in every part of the city. A church in the southern part of the city was wrenched from its foundations and twisted into fragments by angry winds. The box cars on the Plant system were blown off the track. Lightning struck a switchboard in the Western Union Telegraph office and set fire to the building. From many other towns in the vicinity reports of an equally nature are coming in.

VALUES PRAYERS AT $5 EACH

Populist Kansas Preacher Who Assisted at Leedy's Inauguration Puts in His Bill.

Topeka, Kan., April 12.—An amusing fight is being made against Rev. W. G. Todd, a populist preacher, who is a candidate for superintendent of the Blind asylum. Todd prayed for divine guidance when Governor Leedy was inaugurated. Now his enemies charge that he put in a bill "to one prayer, $5," to the local inauguration committee. Mr. Todd made his record in the legislative war of 1893. He was chaplain of the populist house, which met in the same room with the republican house. Both speakers occupied the same stand and both preachers prayed for victory for their respective organizations at the same time. Mr. Todd prayed longest and loudest, and now the reformers are again in the saddle, due largely to his missionary work, and he demands his reward.

THE LATEST FROM HONOLULU

President Dole Appoints W. A. Kenny Annexation Commissioner.

San Francisco, Cal., April 12.—The steamship Monewai has arrived with the following Honolulu advices:

President Dole gives out the information that William A. Kinney, a local lawyer, has been selected to go to Washington as annexation commissioner. The mail on the 30th ultimo brought the government some inside information on the annexation question and it is expected the important matter will be brought before the present session of congress.

L. A. Spreckles, who controls the Spreckelsville plantation, discharged every white man on the place with the exception of two, and put orientals in the places of the dismissed men. An attempt to reduce expenses is given as the reason.

WILSON APPOINTS A DEMOCRAT

The Secretary Creates an Important Office for Charles W. Dabney, Jr., and a Kick Comes.

Washington, April 12.—Charles W. Dabney, jr., of Tennessee, assistant secretary of agriculture under the secretary of agriculture under the Cleveland administration, has been appointed "special agent in charge of scientific and statistical investigation" in the department of agriculture with a salary of $4,500 per year. Secretary Wilson's creation of an important office and its bestowal upon a democrat is denounced by republican office seekers.

TURKS PREPARING FOR WAR

They Have About Lost Faith in the Concert of Powers.

Constantinople, April 12.—War preparations throughout the Turkish empire continue to be steadily pressed, although there is not much change in the eastern situation. A very pessimistic feeling prevails here at the failure of the powers' attempts to coerce Greece. The blockade of the Piraus seems as far off as ever and the war party is bringing to bear on the government with grave results. The porte has dispatched circulars to the representatives abroad setting forth the Turkish growing impatience at the prolongation of the crisis which is pressing heavily on the already embarrassed exchequer. The belief prevails here that the powers are losing control over the course of events and that their so-called concert is a failure. A new danger has arisen through the circulation of a pamphlet reciting alleged Christian atrocities on the Mussullmans in Crete and Elask which has greatly inflamed the Turks and the government has been compelled to take measures to prevent outbreaks by the populace.

FIGHTING ON THE FRONTIER

Greek Bandits Cross the Line and Engage the Turkish Forces.

Elassona, Macedonia, April 12.—Bands of Greek brigands have entered Turkey at Krania. The Turkish troops have been engaged with them, and the fighting has been proceeding since 5 o'clock this morning. At Turkish headquarters this news is looked on as of the gravest description in view of the excitement here. Edhen Pasha has sent orders to have everything ready to develope the Turkish army in force. It is not known yet whether the Greek troops are among the bands that have entered Turkish territory.

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Physician AND Surgeon,
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Teeth filled without pain by a new method of applying electricity.
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WAYNE, NEBRASKA.
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Will practice in all courts. Office over Citizen's Bank.

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Shoemaker,
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GENERAL - - BANKING.

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Pool and Billiard Hall,
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Perfecto,
The best 10 cent cigar in the market
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.
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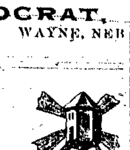
WELL DIGGING
Repairing and Cleaning, at very reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.
J. HYATT.
Leave orders at The Democrat Office.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEFENDANT
Joseph F. Hicks, defendant, will take notice that on the 19th day of March, 1897, Ollie F. Hicks, plaintiff, filed her petition in the district court of Wayne county, Nebraska, against the said defendant, the object and prayer of which is to obtain a decree of absolute divorce from the defendant, upon the grounds that defendant has grossly, wantonly and cruelly failed, neglected and refused [illegible] ... [illegible]

With the coming of night women are careful to bar the doors of their homes against the intrusion of robbers and assassins. There are more dangerous enemies than either the burglar or murderer against which few women take proper precautions. A woman may own the most magnificent jewels and the costliest plate, but after all is said and done, her health is her most precious possession.

It is this that she fails to guard against the dangers of weakness and disease of the distinctly womanly organism. Nearly every complaint from which women suffer has its inception in troubles of this nature, and is continually aggravated by them.

An unfailing remedy for all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine, and the multitude of ills that follow in this train is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on these organs and makes them strong and healthy. It prepares for happy, healthy wifehood and capable, almost painless motherhood. Over 90,000 women have testified to its wonderful merits. No honest druggist will offer something else as "just as good."

"While I was living at Eagle Rock, Botetourt Co., Va.," writes Mrs. G. A. Connor, of Alleghany Spring, Montgomery Co., Va., "a lady friend came to me and said: 'My daughter, aged 15 years, has repeated hemorrhages at the nose, and she has never the necessary indispositions of womanhood.' I advised her to get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The lady purchased one bottle and it cured her daughter. She was well and happy when I left there."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is a physician that is always in the house ready to give advice and assistance any moment, day or night. It contains 1008 pages, 300 illustrations and several chapters devoted to the reproductive physiology of women. Over a million women own and value it. A new edition is just out and for a limited time copies will be given away absolutely FREE. If you want a copy in a heavy manilla cover, send 21 one cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. [illegible] ...

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EXCELSIOR RESTAURANT

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Highest commissions. Complete line of Minnesota grown nursery stock, seeds, etc. Your choice of territory. Three plans of work. Pay weekly. Write at once stating age.
THE JEWELL NURSERY CO.
LAKE CITY, MINN.

FOR BETTER HIGHWAYS

Recent Progress Made In the Good Roads Movement.

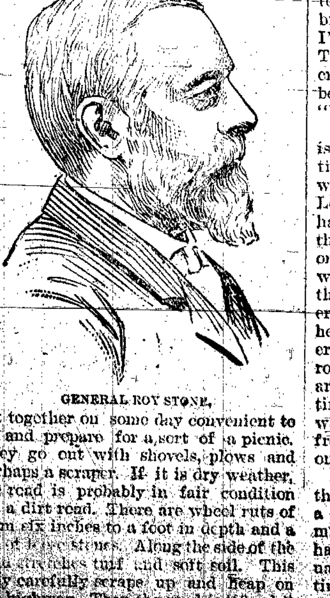
GETTING RID OF AN OLD SYSTEM.

The Evils of Working Out Road Taxes and the Economy of Macadam Being Realized by Intelligent Farmers—What the Wheelmen Have Done.

If there are still some farmers who doubt that good roads will mean a personal and direct financial benefit to them, they need not go abroad to be convinced. In several states certain districts have done a large amount of good road building within the last five or six years. In most of these localities agriculture is the chief industry, and, whatever may be the condition of farmers in other parts of the country, those who have built good roads are notably prosperous.

But there are few farmers in intelligent communities who are today willing to dispute the advantages or the economy of building good roads. The trouble is they are hampered by a moss grown system that they do not know how to get rid of. This system is generally known as "working the roads." In many states it is still in use. Instead of paying the road tax in cash, the farmers are given an opportunity to "work out the tax" on the road.

Almost every one knows what happens then. A dozen neighboring farmers



GENERAL ROY STONE.

get together on some day convenient to all and prepare for a sort of a picnic. They go out with shovels, plows and perhaps a scraper. If it is dry weather, the road is probably in fair condition for a dirt road. There are wheel ruts of from six inches to a foot in depth and a lot of loose stones. Along the side of the road stretches turf and soft soil. This they carefully scrape up and heap on the highway. Then the road is "fixed," and they have evaded their road tax.

[illegible] the first rain comes, the roads [illegible]. The soft earth [illegible] the gutters [illegible] as easily [illegible] the [illegible] roadway did before it was [illegible] if not [illegible] there are [illegible] to this [illegible] the money [illegible] as little as possible [illegible] they do accomplish is [illegible] a few friendly rains which wash the mud back into the ditches.

It is this system which intelligent farmers are trying to throw overboard. In the last few years a vast amount of educational work on the subject of road-making has been done. In 1892 the National Good Roads association was organized, with General Roy Stone as president. One year later congress officially recognized the importance of the movement and Secretary Morton of the department of agriculture appointed General Stone as special agent and engineer in charge of road inquiry. In this position he has been able to collect and distribute a great amount of knowledge, the result of experience in various localities concerning roadbuilding. He attends good roads conventions, makes speeches, distributes government reports and retains his connection with the league for which he acts as a general organizer and encourages the formation of local branches. Branch offices have been opened in several large cities and a number of state legislatures have either enacted new road laws or talked a lot about doing so.

This year both Massachusetts and Vermont as well as a few other commonwealths are talking about building state roads, but in New Jersey, where more good roads have been built than in any other state in the Union, the initiative has been left with the townships, the state paying only a percentage of the cost. A majority of the freeholders of any township may ask for state aid and get it if they bind themselves to bear their share of the expense. Thus those townships which do not build good roads cannot object to the appropriations, for they have the same privilege. This system has been found to work very satisfactorily. In other states the county plan has been tried with less success. Some enthusiasts support the plan for national highways and will listen to no other.

It was because of this diversity of opinion that the road inquiry by the department of agriculture was begun. This work gives Maine the benefits of the experiments made in Texas and allows Minnesota to profit by the experience of Alabama. By tabulating the information received from so many sources the department of agriculture is able to print reports which are invaluable to those who are intrusted with the care of our highways.

The secretary of the farmers' congress estimates that the poor roads of this country cost the American farmer $600,000,000 annually. This can readily be believed when you consider the amount annually appropriated in each

A WARNING TO DRIVERS.

state for roads. In New Jersey, for instance, the average township appropriation for roads is $1,600. This amount would build 1 1-2 miles of macadam road which would last for years, but the same sum expended in scraping dirt out of the gutters and spreading it on the road would be worse than wasted.

The science of good roadbuilding is not a very complicated one either. Almost every farmer knows the general principles, but he seems to forget them when he goes out to "work the road." Drainage is an important factor. Even a dirt road can be made reasonably good by sinking a 6 inch drain in the middle of it just below the frost line. Macadam roads, when rightly made, cost about $1,000 a mile. Sometimes you will see a gang of men dumping large rocks into a muddy spot in the road, and the overseer will tell you that he is "macadamizing a stretch." Large stones do well enough for a foundation, but it is a vital principle of roadbuilding that stones even as large as a hen's egg will not unite in a firm, compact mass. Macadam, the great English roadbuilder, used to tell his foremen, "If you use a stone bigger than you can put in your mouth, I'll not pay for a foot of the work." This necessitates the use of a stone crusher, and such machines will never be used as long as the old system of "working out" road taxes is in vogue.

After a good macadam road is built it is very easily kept in repair. Narrow tires and heavy loads will, however, wear ruts in the hardest roadbeds. The League of American Wheelmen, which has probably done as much to encourage the building of good roads as any other organization, has introduced a method which it is hoped will tend to preserve the roads. It has caused signs to be erected along the boulevards over which heavy carting is done, requesting drivers not to keep in one track. In European countries still further precautions are taken by compelling the use of wide tires, and, in the case of four wheeled wagons, of wheels that do not track, the front axle being shorter than the rear one, thus distributing the load.

What would an American farmer think of piling four tons of loose hay on a wagon and driving to market, 15 miles away, with only three horses to haul the load? Yet this is not an unusual load for a French road, the broad tires rolling easily along over the smooth surface with but very little strain on the horses. It is such picnics as these that give a new impetus to the good roads boom which every one hopes has already a good start in this country.

CYRUS SYLVESTER.

A. S. Murray and Wife
SPRINGFIELD, MO.
Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

MR. MURRAY, engineer for Keet & Rountree Mercantile Co., Springfield, Mo., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, was unable to eat anything without severe distress. Treated by several physicians without benefit, I became almost a physical wreck and unable to attend to my work. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and in six weeks I was well. My wife had a severe attack of La Grippe which brought on troubles peculiar to her sex. The Restorative Nervine is the only thing that has helped her. We both hope you will use this in a way to help others as we have been."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Pittsburg Kansan: It is not through taxation, but through exemption from taxes, tariff, levies, and other legal forms of robbery the people will come to their own.

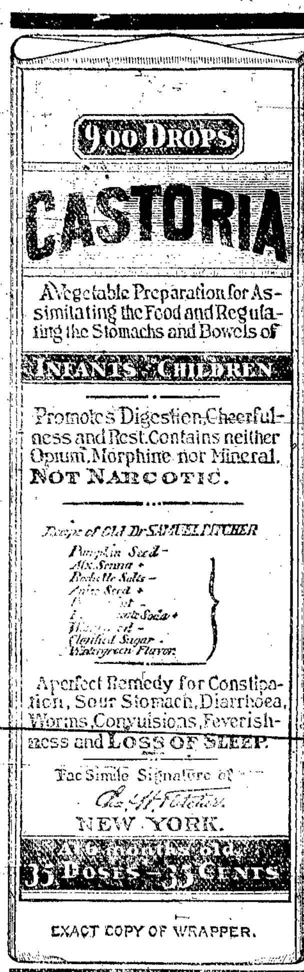
Chicago Chronicle: Mr. Moody struck a good many pulpiteers when he said: "Peter and John didn't have a barrel of sermons to fall back on. They had something else to do besides preaching on science, Cuba, Armenia, gold, silver or geology." More religion and less polities, that is what the church goers need.

"I place myself on the solid and impregnable ground that under our Constitution Congress does not possess power to tax the people to enhance the private fortunes of the few, and that the full measure of the taxing power is reached when a tariff for revenue, with incidental protection, is imposed.—Allen.

The appointment of John T. Bressler to the government commission of the Union Pacific railway was a subject of considerable comment in local railway circles yesterday. While no dissatisfaction is openly expressed, the fact that he is not an Omaha man, does not live on the line of the Union Pacific and is not conversant with railway affairs have considerable adverse comment.

The appointment is for a year, but it is doubtful if Mr. Bressler will serve out his full term. According to General Cowin, special attorney for the government in the matter, the foreclosure of the government's mortgage on the Union Pacific will undoubtedly take place during the coming summer. The terms of all government commissioners will cease with the termination of the receivership of the road. The position pays $10 a day, while the government commissioners is actually on duty, which is very few days in the year, but the chief advantage of the office to the past has been the ability of government director to obtain transportation for himself and friends and the use of the private cars for himself and family. This is the first instance on record where the Nebraska appointment of a Union Pacific government director has gone outside of Omaha. The appointment also gives the republicans on the commission a majority.—Omaha Bee.

Neat, natty, and up-to-date spring suits—La F. Holtz.



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Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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Fine Wines and Liquors

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ELI JONES, PROPRIETOR.
Good Single and Double Rigs at Reasonable Rates
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COMMERCIAL MEN.
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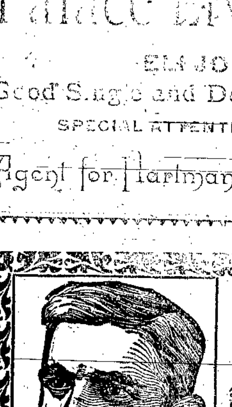

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